

The logo for Denali Therapeutics, featuring the word "DENALI" in a white, sans-serif font. The letter "A" is stylized with an orange diagonal slash through it. The background is a scenic photograph of a snow-capped mountain range under a blue sky with light clouds.

# DENALI

/ June 2026

## Transforming Life

Bringing the power of biotherapeutics to the whole body, including the brain

## Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements do not relate strictly to historical or current facts and they may be accompanied by such words as “anticipate,” “believe,” “could,” “estimate,” “expected,” “forecast,” “intend,” “may,” “plan,” “potential,” “possible,” “future,” “will” and other words and terms of similar meaning. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this presentation, including, without limitation, statements regarding future results of operations and financial position of Denali Therapeutics Inc. (“Denali” or the “Company”); Denali’s business strategy and business plans, expected progress and expansion, and expected key milestones for Denali’s therapeutic portfolio in 2026 and beyond; Denali’s ability to execute on its tailored manufacturing and commercial strategies and accelerate commercial launch readiness; the potential for Denali’s product candidates to treat various neurodegenerative diseases including MPS I (Hurler Syndrome), MPS II (Hunter Syndrome), MPS IIIA (Sanfilippo Syndrome), PD, ALS, AD, FTD-GRN, UC, Gaucher’s Disease, Pompe Disease, and related peripheral inflammatory diseases; planned preclinical studies and clinical trials and the expectations regarding the timing and availability of results and data from such studies and trials; plans, timelines, expectations related to Denali’s TransportVehicle™ (TV) platform, its therapeutic and commercial opportunities, and the potential of TV-supported programs to be best-in-class; plans, timelines, and expectations related to the ETV franchise and ETV-enabled programs, including ETV:GAA, ETV:GCase, and ETV:IDUA, their therapeutic and commercial potential, and the timing and likelihood of planned regulatory filings; plans, timelines, and expectations relating to DNL310 (ETV:IDS), including the Phase 2/3 COMPASS study and its ability to support global approvals, and the timing, likelihood, and scope of regulatory approvals and commercial launch; plans, timelines, and expectations related to DNL126 (ETV:SGSH), including the timing and availability of data from the Phase 1/2 study and likelihood and pathway of regulatory approval; plans, timelines, and expectations related to the OTV and OTV-enabled programs, including DNL628 (OTV:MAPT) and OTV:SNCA, their therapeutic and commercial potential, the timing of study initiation and the availability of data, and the timing and likelihood of planned regulatory filings; plans, timelines, and expectations relating to DNL921 (ATV:Abeta), including its therapeutic potential, the timing and likelihood of clinical proof of concept, and the timing of planned regulatory filings; plans, timelines, and expectations relating to DNL151; plans and expectations regarding DNL593 (PTV:PGRN), the ongoing Ph1/2 study, and the timing and availability of data; plans, timelines, and expectations related to DNL952 (ETV:GAA), including the timing and availability of data; plans and expectations regarding Denali’s global organization and clinical and manufacturing operations, its projected cash runway and likelihood of receipt of milestone payments, and its likelihood of achieving operational efficiencies; the expected timing and likelihood of success of Denali’s commercial growth; and the potential market opportunities for each of Denali’s programs, are forward-looking statements. Denali has based these forward-looking statements largely on its current expectations and projections about future events, and forward-looking statements regarding potential outcomes should not be interpreted as guarantees of future performance.

These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including but not limited to: the risk of the occurrence of any circumstance that could give rise to the termination of Denali’s agreements with its collaborators; Denali’s and its collaborators’ ability to complete the development and, if approved, commercialization of its product candidates; Denali’s and its collaborators’ ability to enroll patients in its ongoing and future clinical trials; Denali’s ability to manufacture and supply product candidates at clinical and commercial scale, including through its internal manufacturing capabilities and its reliance on third parties for the manufacture and supply of its product candidates; Denali’s dependence on successful development of its blood-brain barrier platform technology and TV-enabled product candidates; Denali’s and its collaborators’ ability to conduct or complete clinical trials on expected timelines; the predictive value of Denali’s biomarker selection; the occurrence of significant adverse events, toxicities or other undesirable side effects; the extent to which preclinical and early clinical results (including safety-related findings) predict later-stage outcomes; the uncertainty that product candidates will receive regulatory approval or be commercialized; Denali’s ability to continue to create a pipeline of product candidates or develop commercially successful products; Denali’s ability to obtain, maintain, or protect intellectual property rights related to its product candidates; Denali’s achievement of planned milestones and realization of value; Denali’s ability to realize anticipated financial resources, including receipt of contingent royalty financing and milestone payments; implementation of Denali’s strategic plans for its business, product candidates, and blood-brain barrier platform technology; and other risks. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking statements in this presentation are inherently uncertain and may not occur, and actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Information regarding additional risks and uncertainties may be found in Denali’s most recent quarterly and annual reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Forms 10-Q and 10-K, respectively, as well as Denali’s future reports to be filed with the SEC. Denali does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, to conform these statements to actual results or to make changes in Denali’s expectations, except as required by law.

The product candidates being developed by Denali are investigational and their safety and efficacy profiles remain unestablished. Denali’s product candidates have not been approved by any health authority for any use.

**Accuracy of Data.** This presentation contains statistical data based on independent industry publications or other publicly available information, as well as other information based on Denali’s internal sources. Denali has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the data contained in these industry publications and other publicly available information. Accordingly, Denali makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of that data.

# Our Purpose



**Deliver the power of biotherapeutics to the whole body, including the brain,  
transforming life for people living with serious diseases**

**DENALI**

# Key Messages

## Best-in-Class Blood-Brain Barrier (BBB) Platform

- TransportVehicle™ is the most validated, differentiated, and clinically-proven technology, enabling systemic delivery of biologics to the brain and other hard-to-target tissues

## Ready to Capture \$1B+ Market Opportunity with Two Near-Term Launches

- Launch of AVLAYAH™ (tvidenofusp alfa) in 2026 and DNL126 in 2027 lay the commercial foundation for Enzyme TransportVehicle™ (ETV) franchise and leadership in next-generation enzyme replacement therapy

## Deep Pipeline Across High-Value Therapeutic Areas

- Broad clinical-stage pipeline, including two potential best-in-class TfR-enabled programs for Alzheimer's, provides several near-term milestones

## Efficient Execution and Capital Allocation

- Leveraging learnings and organizational scale to accelerate timelines and reduce cost for long-term value creation

## 1H 2026 Expected Milestones

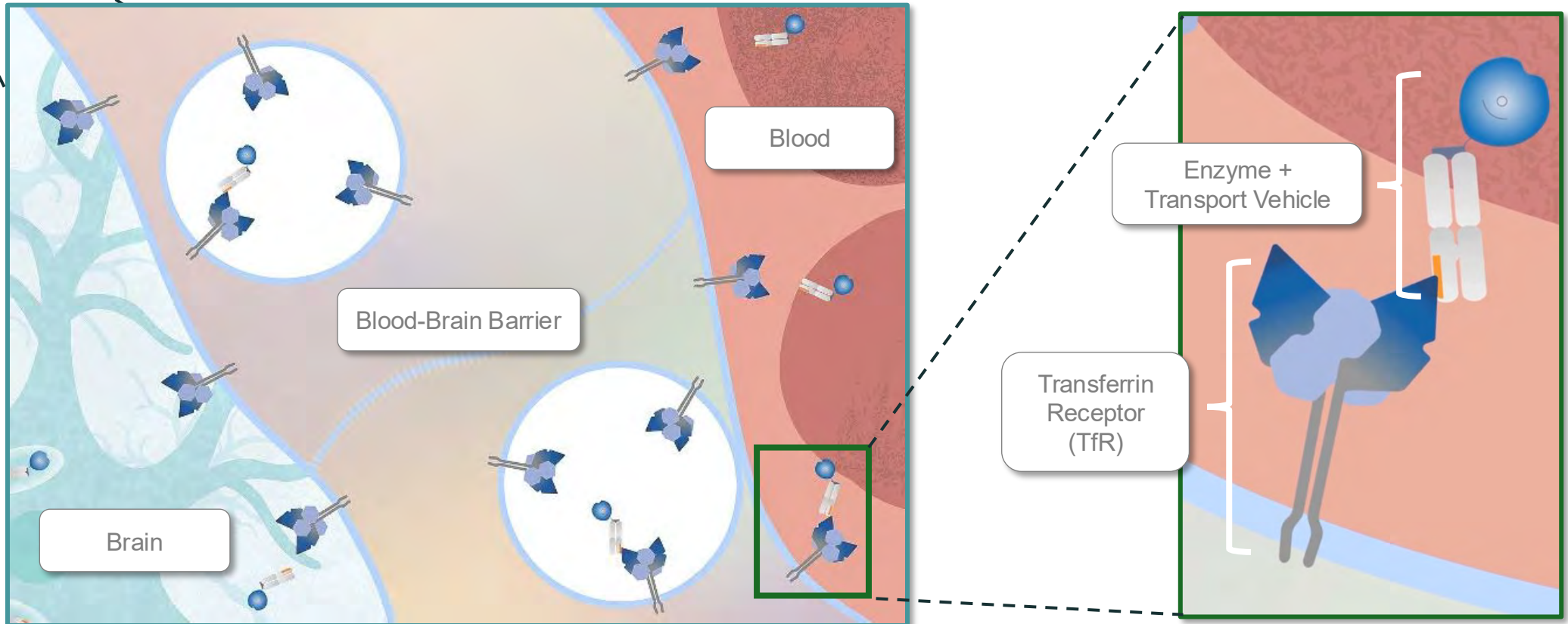
- Tvidenofusp alfa approval decision; ETV:SGSH Phase 1/2 data at WORLD; LRRK2 Phase 2b LUMA data; OTV:MAPT, ETV:GAA, ATV:Abeta first-in-human study initiations

# Addressing the Challenge of Delivering Therapy to the Brain

The TransportVehicle™ (TV) is engineered to deliver efficacious concentrations of biotherapeutics to brain cells via receptor-mediated transcytosis

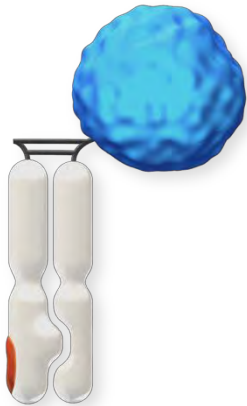


Brain



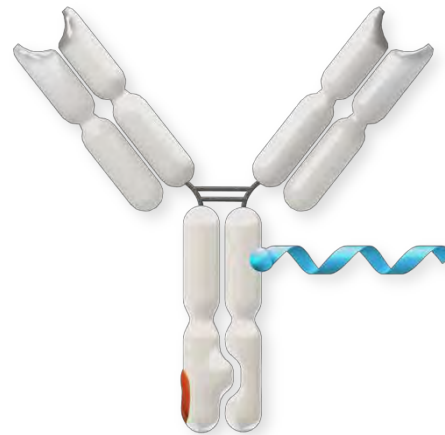
# A New Class of Biotherapeutics for the Whole Body, Including the Brain

## Enzyme TV (ETV)



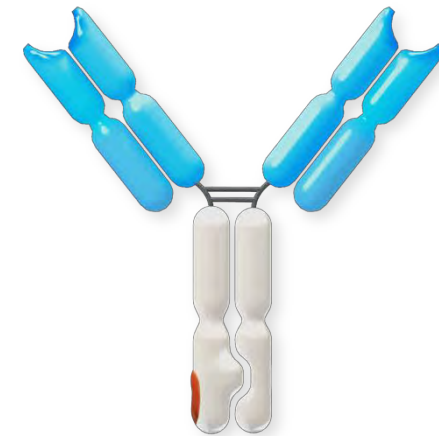
Enzyme replacement therapy  
for the body and brain

## Oligonucleotide TV (OTV)



Genetic medicines for the  
brain, delivered systemically

## Antibody TV (ATV)



Brain-penetrant immunotherapy  
for a wide range of diseases

**Our TransportVehicle™ (TV) Platform enables TfR-mediated brain biodistribution and enhanced tissue delivery of biotherapeutics throughout the body with systemic administration**

# Our Broad Therapeutic Portfolio

## Lysosomal Storage Disorders

Molecule	Indication	Stage
<b>tividenofusp alfa-eknm</b> (ETV:IDS)	MPS II	FDA Approved Phase 2/3
<b>DNL126</b> (ETV:SGSH)	MPS IIIA	Phase 1/2
<b>DNL593</b> (PTV:PGRN)	FTD-GRN <sup>1</sup>	Phase 1/2
<b>DNL952</b> (ETV:GAA)	Pompe	Phase 1
<b>DNL111</b> (ETV:GCCase)	Gaucher	IND-Enabling
<b>DNL622</b> (ETV:IDUA)	MPS I	IND-Enabling



**>30,000 Patients WW<sup>2</sup>**  
**\$500M-\$1B+ per Indication<sup>3</sup>**

## Common Neurodegenerative Diseases

Molecule	Indication	Stage
<b>DNL151</b> LRRK2 Inhibitor	PD	Phase 2a (LRRK2)
<b>DNL628</b> OTV:MAPT (tau)	AD	Phase 1b
<b>DNL921</b> ATV:Abeta	AD	IND-Enabling
<b>DNL111</b> ETV:GCCase	PD	IND-Enabling
<b>DNL422</b> OTV:SNCA	PD	IND-Enabling



**>40M Patients WW<sup>2</sup>**  
**>\$5B per AD/PD Indication<sup>4,5</sup>**

1. FTD-GRN has a lysosomal phenotype and can be considered a rare lysosomal storage disease; 2. Denali estimates of worldwide aggregate prevalence, excluding China and India for the lysosomal storage disorders; 3. Lysosomal Storage Disorders Indication market based on Denali internal assessment as of Nov '25 and other syndicated data (Evaluate Pharma, Historic Annual WW Product Sales 2024, downloaded Dec 1 2025); 4. Alzheimer's disease market opportunity based on Denali internal assessment as of Nov '25 and Evaluate Pharma Analyst Consensus Forecasts 2024 to 2034, Oct '25; 5. Parkinson's disease market opportunity based on Denali internal assessment as of Nov '25 and other syndicated data (e.g., Herantis Pharma Plc Annual Report 2024; Herantis Pharma PLC (published March 31, 2025), Parkinson's Diseases Treatment Market 2025 to 2030, Gran View Research, <https://www.grandviewresearch.com/industry-analysis/parkinsons-disease-treatment-market>).

MPS – Mucopolysaccharidosis; PD – Parkinson's disease; AD – Alzheimer's disease

# A New Era for Hunter Syndrome (MPS II) and for Denali

**AVLAYAH**<sup>TM</sup>  
(tvidenofusp alfa-eknm)

**Now Approved  
in the U.S.**

## Historic FDA Approval<sup>1</sup> for the MPS II Community

- First and only FDA-approved therapy for children with MPS II designed to reach the whole body, including the brain

## Next-Generation Enzyme Replacement Therapy

- This approval marks the first therapeutic advancement for the MPS II community in 20 years

## Validation of the TransportVehicle<sup>TM</sup> Platform

- First FDA-approved biologic therapeutic in a new class of medicines designed to cross the blood-brain barrier and address a broad range of diseases

## Foundation of Our Lysosomal Storage Disorder (LSD) Franchise

- We are fully prepared for commercial launch, establishing the foundation for a strong and growing LSD franchise and leading the way for DNL126 in MPS IIIA

# On Track to Deliver Denali's D3X3 Goals: 3-Year Outlook

- 2 Growing Brands**
- AVLAYAH™
  - DNL126 (ETV:SGSH)



- 5 Clinical Proof of Concepts**

## Alzheimer's Disease

- DNL628 (OTV:MAPT)
- DNL921 (ATV:Abeta)

## Pompe Disease

- DNL952 (ETV:GAA)

## FTD-GRN

- DNL593 (PTV:PGRN)

## Parkinson's Disease

- DNL151 (LRRK2 inhibitor)

- 4-6 New Clinical Programs**
- Continued leadership and invention on BBB technologies

**Aiming to deliver near-term value from planned product launches, advancing a robust pipeline and capturing the full potential of the TransportVehicle™**

 **TransportVehicle™  
Platform**



# Our TransportVehicle™ Platform Sets the Bar for BBB Delivery

## 1 Modularity

Enables broad ability to transport range of therapeutics, such as enzymes, oligos and antibodies

## 2 Brain Uptake

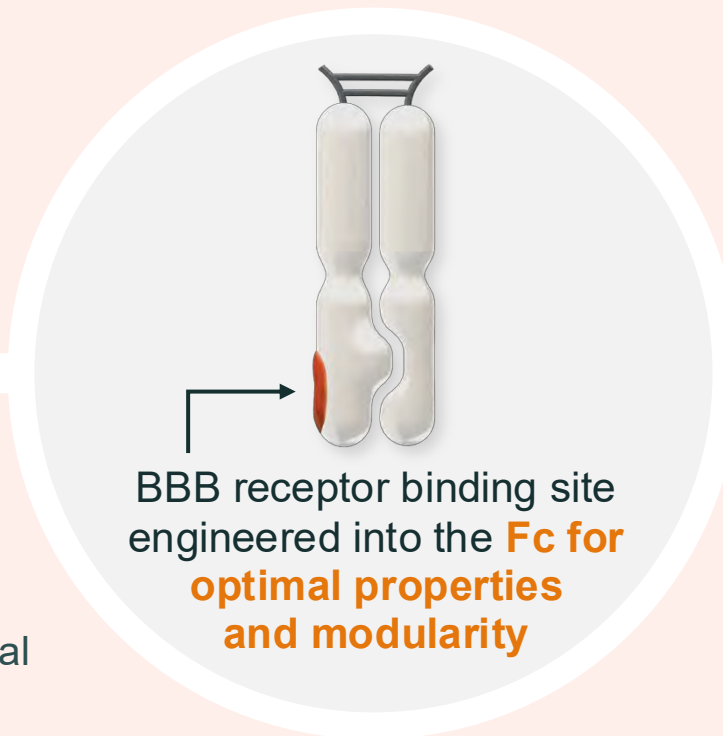
Optimized affinity and epitope enhance brain delivery while limiting receptor degradation

## 3 Safety

Conditional effector function avoids reticulocyte loss and minimizes anemia liability potential

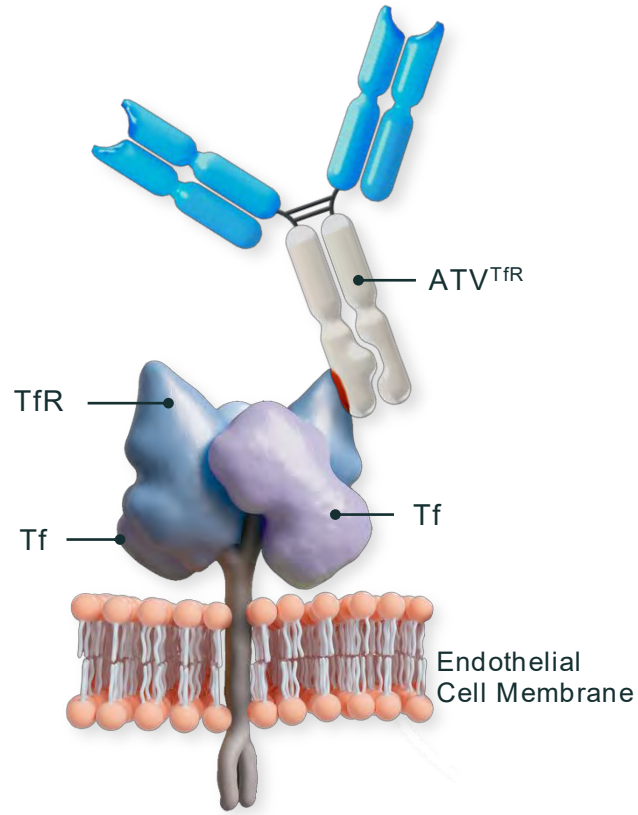
## 4 Architecture

High fidelity to natural protein (e.g., no appended sequences) improves stability, limits immunogenicity and improves ease of manufacturing

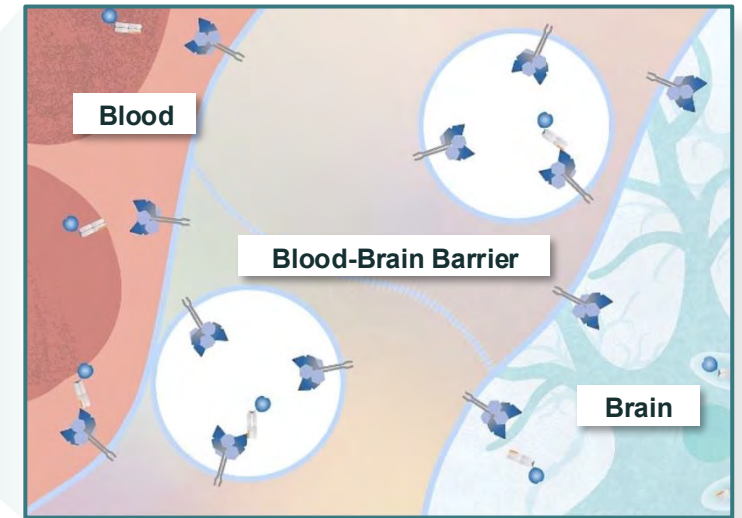
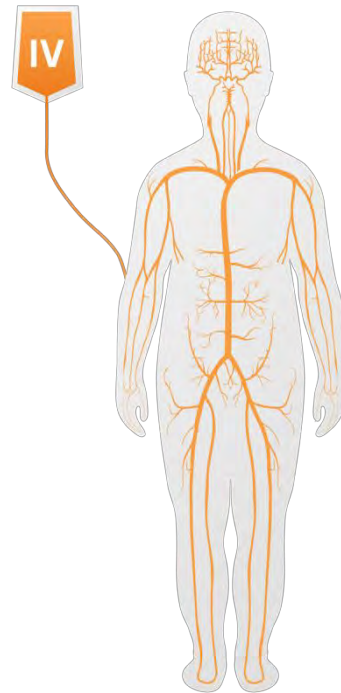


Our Fc-based TransportVehicle™ (TV) Is Designed & Engineered to Optimize Brain Delivery

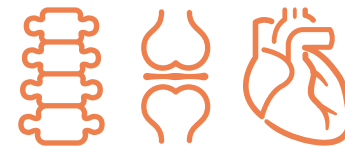
# Treating the Whole Body, Including the Brain



Our **TransportVehicle™** leverages TfR to enable **brain delivery** of biotherapeutics



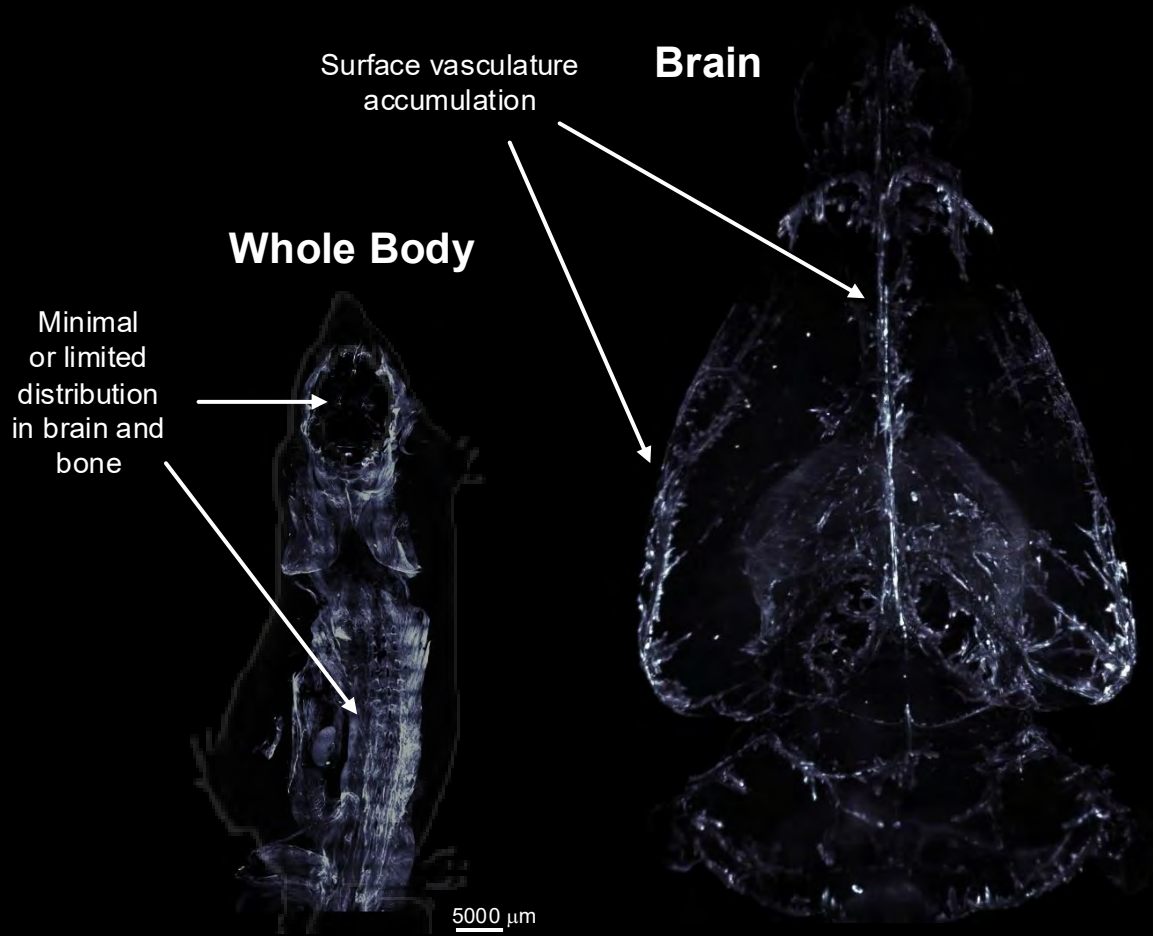
**Transferrin receptor (TfR)** is highly expressed at the blood–brain barrier for natural iron transport



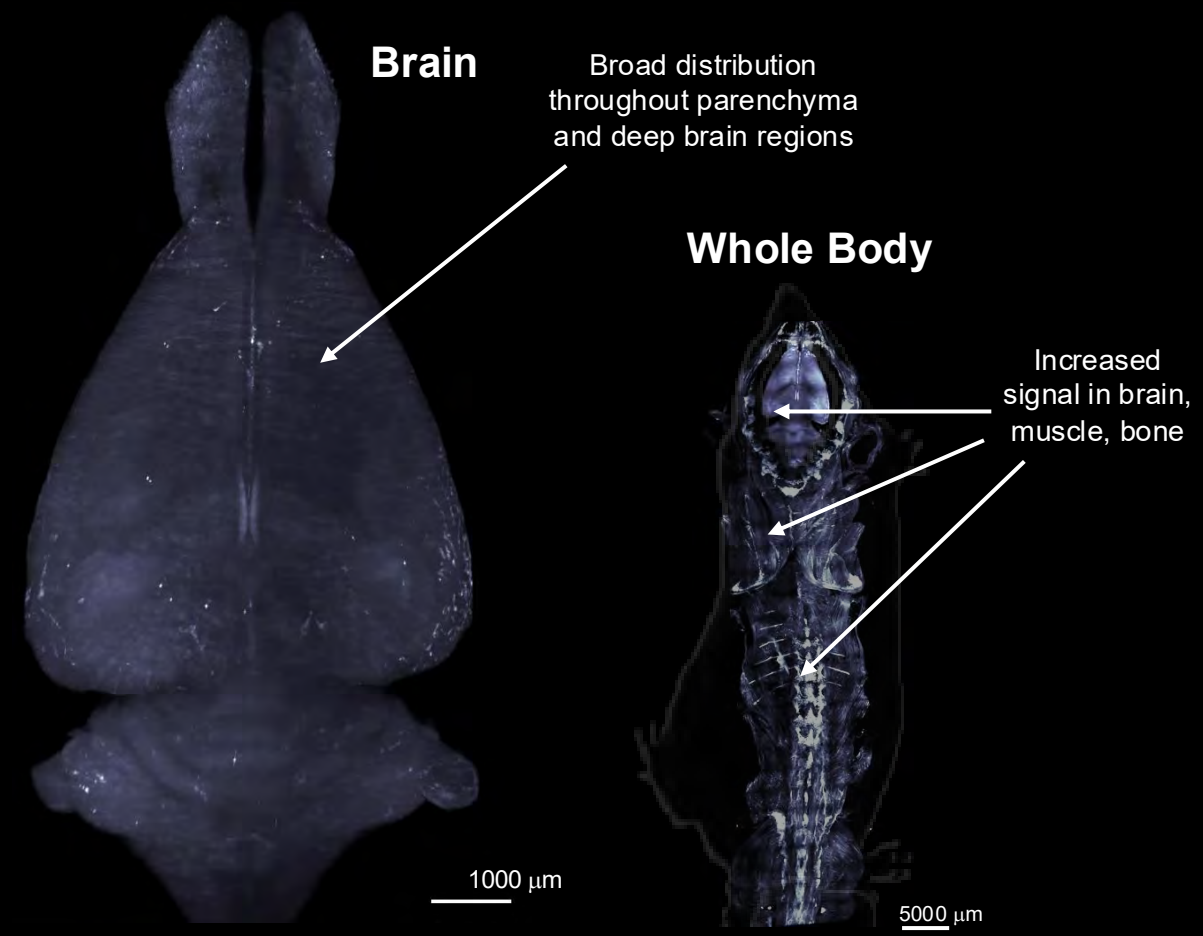
TfR may also facilitate delivery into tissues such as **bone**, **cartilage**, and the **heart**

# TransportVehicle™ Distributes to Whole Body, Including Brain

## Standard Antibody (IgG)



## TV-enabled Antibody (TfR)



# TransportVehicle™ Has Demonstrated Best-in-Class Properties

## Our Fc-based TransportVehicle™ (TV) Is Designed & Engineered to Optimize Brain Delivery

BBB receptor binding site engineered into the **Fc** for optimal properties and modularity



- Modularity** ○ Enables broad ability to transport range of therapeutics, such as enzymes, oligos and antibodies
- Brain Uptake** ○ Optimized affinity and epitope enhance brain delivery while limiting receptor degradation
- Safety** ○ Conditional effector function avoids reticulocyte loss and minimizes anemia liability potential
- Architecture** ○ High fidelity to natural protein (e.g., no appended sequences) improves stability, limits immunogenicity and improves ease of manufacturing

### Industry Leading Platform

- 1<sup>st</sup> Potential FDA-approved TfR therapeutic to cross the BBB
- 5 Clinical programs<sup>1</sup>
- Demonstrated ability to correct neurodegeneration (e.g., NfL)
- >10 Preclinical programs<sup>2</sup>
- >200 Subjects dosed<sup>2</sup>
- >11,000 Doses administered<sup>2</sup>
- >20 Publications in last 5 years<sup>3</sup>
- >350 Patents/Applications<sup>3</sup>

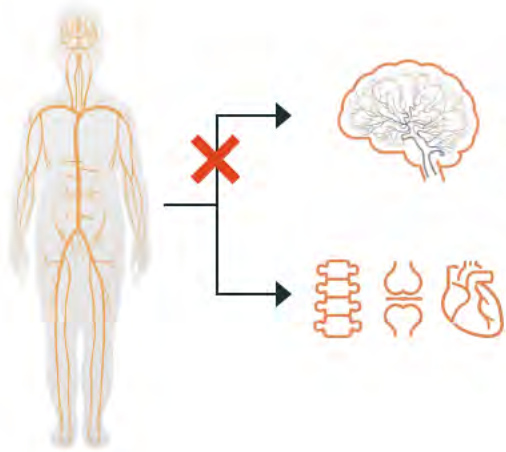
**/ ETV Franchise  
Opportunity**



# ETV Franchise Opportunity in Lysosomal Storage Disorders

## Addressing High Unmet Need

- LSDs are **single-enzyme deficiency** diseases
- **30,000** people with LSDs worldwide
- **2/3** LSDs with **CNS manifestations**



**Traditional ERTs**  
partially address somatic  
but not CNS symptoms

**~80% historical ERT approval rate<sup>1</sup>**

## Targeting Brain & Body with ETV



**ETVs enable brain delivery** of enzymes to address cognitive and behavioral symptoms



Potential to **enhance peripheral delivery**

**Goal is to treat the full disease spectrum**

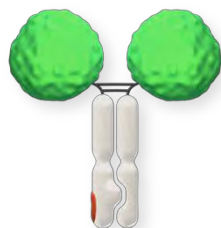
# Building the ETV Franchise Portfolio

**Tividenofusp alfa**  
(ETV:IDS; DNL310)



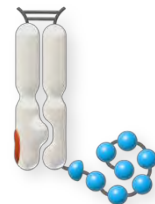
**MPS II**  
(Hunter syndrome)

**ETV:SGSH**  
(DNL126)



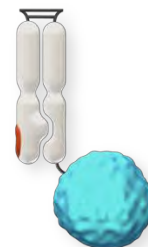
**MPS IIIA**  
(Sanfilippo syndrome)

**PTV:PGRN**  
(DNL593)



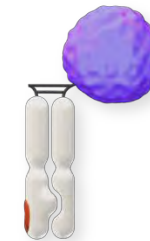
**FTD-GRN**  
(Frontotemporal dementia-granulin)

**ETV:GAA**  
(DNL952)



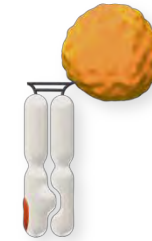
**Pompe Disease**

**ETV:GCas**  
(DNL111)



**Parkinson's and Gaucher**

**ETV:IDUA**  
(DNL622)



**MPS I**  
(Hurler syndrome)

<b>Patients WW<sup>1</sup></b>	~2,000	~1,500+	~25,000+	~5,000 – 10,000	~300,000+ (GBA-PD) ~10,000 – 15,000 (GD)	~1,500+
<b>Status</b>	Phase 2/3 BLA filing <sup>2</sup>	Phase 1/2	Phase 1/2	Phase 1	IND-enabling	IND-enabling

**We are developing the next generation of enzyme replacement therapies designed to treat brain and body manifestations of serious genetic diseases**

WW – Worldwide; BLA – Biologics License Application; IND – Investigational New Drug; GBA-PD – Parkinson's Disease with GBA mutation; GD – Gaucher's Disease; 1. Excluding China and India; 2. PDUFA target action date of 4/5/26 for accelerated approval

# Building the ETV Franchise Portfolio

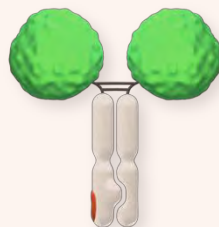
## Focus for Today: Clinical-Stage Programs

**Tividenofusp alfa**  
(ETV:IDS; DNL310)



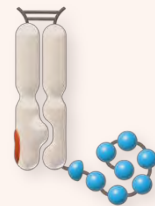
**MPS II**  
(Hunter syndrome)

**ETV:SGSH**  
(DNL126)



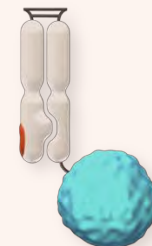
**MPS IIIA**  
(Sanfilippo syndrome)

**PTV:PGRN**  
(DNL593)



**FTD-GRN**  
(Frontotemporal dementia-granulin)

**ETV:GAA**  
(DNL952)



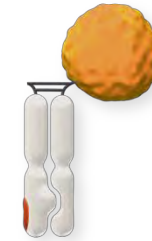
**Pompe Disease**

**ETV:GCase**  
(DNL111)



**Parkinson's and Gaucher**

**ETV:IDUA**  
(DNL622)



**MPS I**  
(Hurler syndrome)

<b>Patients WW<sup>1</sup></b>	~2,000	~1,500+	~25,000+	~5,000 – 10,000	~300,000+ (GBA-PD) ~10,000 – 15,000 (GD)	~1,500+
<b>Status</b>	Phase 2/3 BLA filing <sup>2</sup>	Phase 1/2	Phase 1/2	Phase 1	IND-enabling	IND-enabling

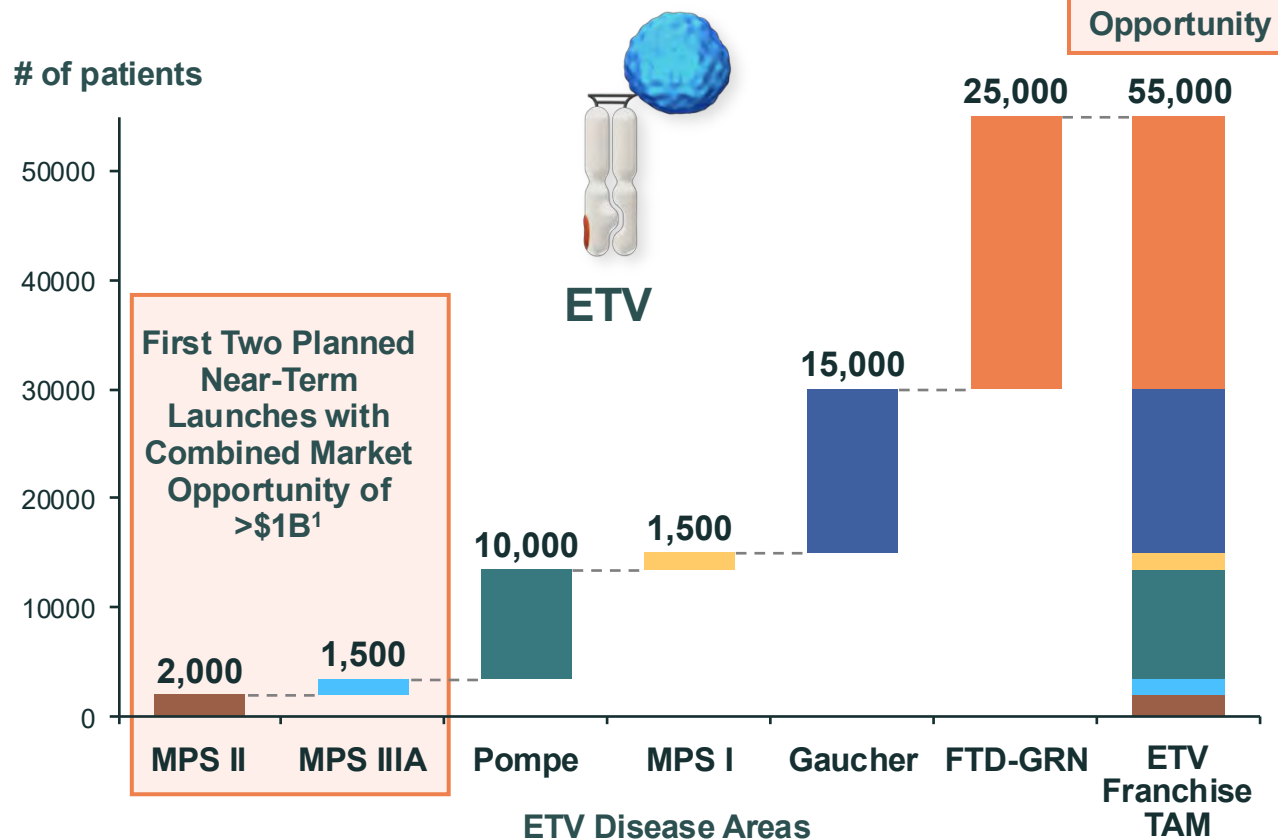
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# ETV: Foundational Franchise for Lysosomal Storage Disorders

## ETV Franchise

Worldwide Patient Prevalence

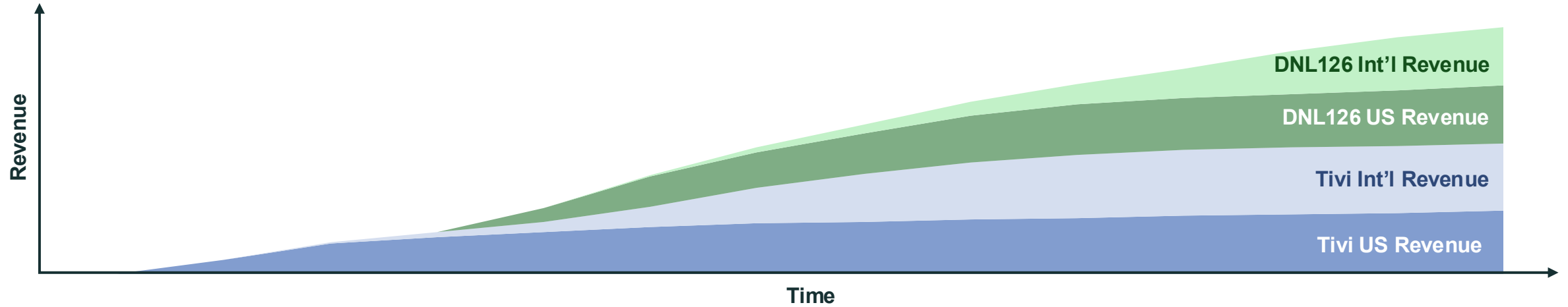


## Delivering Next-Generation Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT)

- 23 ERTs currently marketed<sup>3</sup>; ~80% historical ERT approval rate<sup>4</sup>; ~\$9B in sales<sup>5</sup>
- Traditional ERTs do not penetrate CNS whereas ETVs address full disease spectrum
- \$1B+ opportunity between MPS II & MPS IIIA
  - Plan to leverage existing Denali infrastructure across both launches
  - Ability to redeploy resources to translate into favorable margins
- Established relationships with key stakeholders in the lysosomal storage disorders community
- Ability to drive increasingly fast launches and product uptake throughout franchise

1. Internal estimate for global market opportunity across MPS II and MPS IIIA 2. Global market opportunity based on Denali internal assessment as of Nov '25 and other syndicated data (Evaluate Pharma, Historic Annual WW Product Sales 2024, downloaded Dec 1 2025, GC Pharma 2024 Investor Day Deck (<https://www.gcbiopharma.com/eng/upload/CAO/C55/202510/9e38f129-d9f2-4307-bc4f-ca54f2340512.pdf>); 3. Based on systemic ERTs with regulatory approvals in at least one major market (US, EU, Japan), excluding two ERTs that have been discontinued (Adagen and Ceredase); 4. Based on Denali internal assessment of ERTs that launched in any major market as a ratio of ERTs that have entered clinical development. 5. Based on Denali internal assessment as of Nov '25 and other syndicated data (Evaluate Pharma, Historic Annual WW Product Sales 2024, downloaded Dec 1 2025, GC Pharma 2024 Investor Day Deck (<https://www.gcbiopharma.com/eng/upload/CAO/C55/202510/9e38f129-d9f2-4307-bc4f-ca54f2340512.pdf>), Protalix 2024 10-K, GMI Report 2024 (Oct'24, <https://www.gminsights.com/industry-analysis/exocrine-pancreatic-insufficiency-treatment-market>), USA vs QOL Medical Lawsuit (Filed July'24, <https://www.mass.gov/doc/qol-medical-lawsuit/download>). TAM – Total Addressable Market; ETV – Enzyme TransportVehicle™

# First Two Near-Term Launches Combined Opportunity of >\$1B



## Successfully Launching Tividenofusp Alfa Will Be the Bedrock of a Successful Commercial Franchise



### Significant Near-Term Opportunity

- Revenue starting 2026
- \$1B+ Opportunity between MPS II and MPS IIIA



### Infrastructure Synergies

- Plan to leverage existing Denali infrastructure across both launches
- Ability to redeploy resources to translate into favorable margins



### Established LSD Leadership

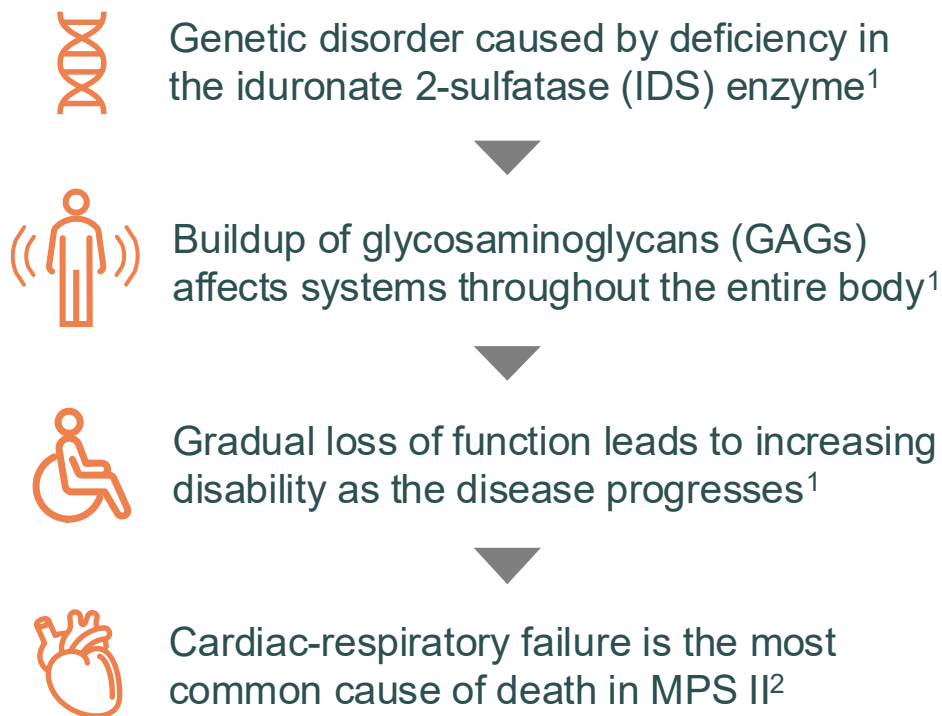
- Established relationships with key LSD stakeholders
- Ability to drive increasingly fast launches and product uptake throughout franchise

**AVLAYAH™**  
**(tividnofusp alfa-eknm)**

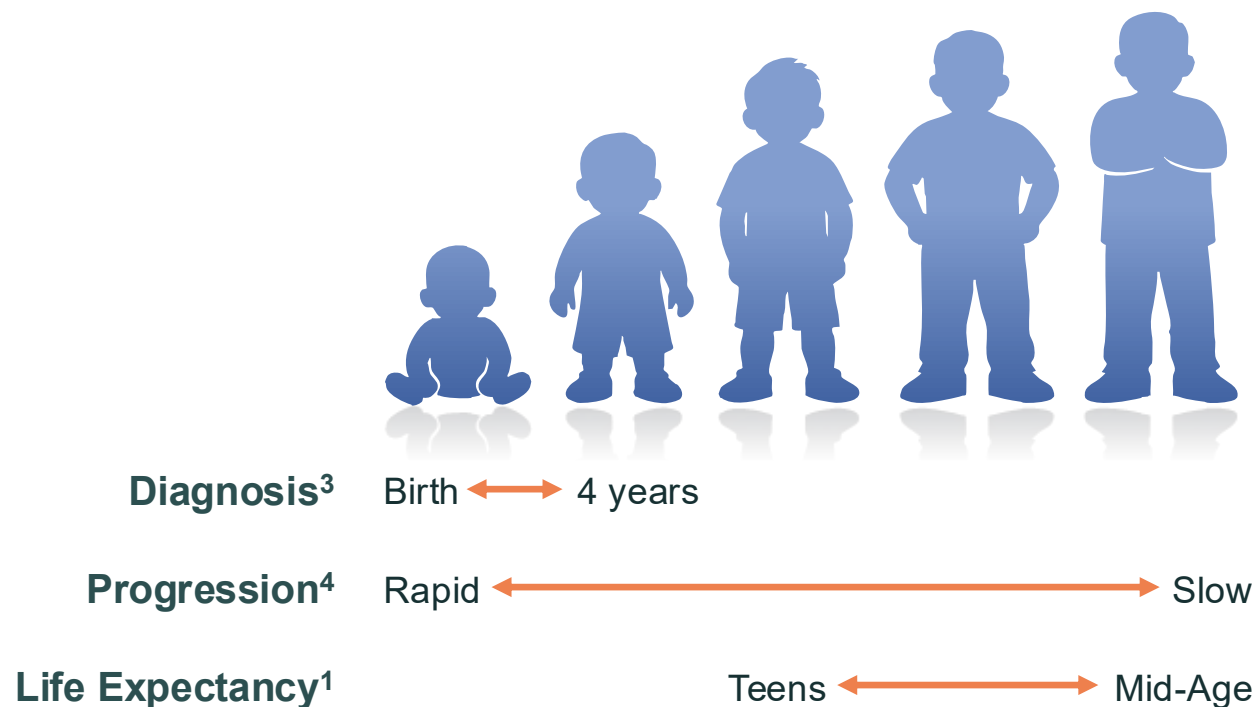


# Mucopolysaccharidosis Type II (Hunter Syndrome)

## Underlying Cause and Disease Impact



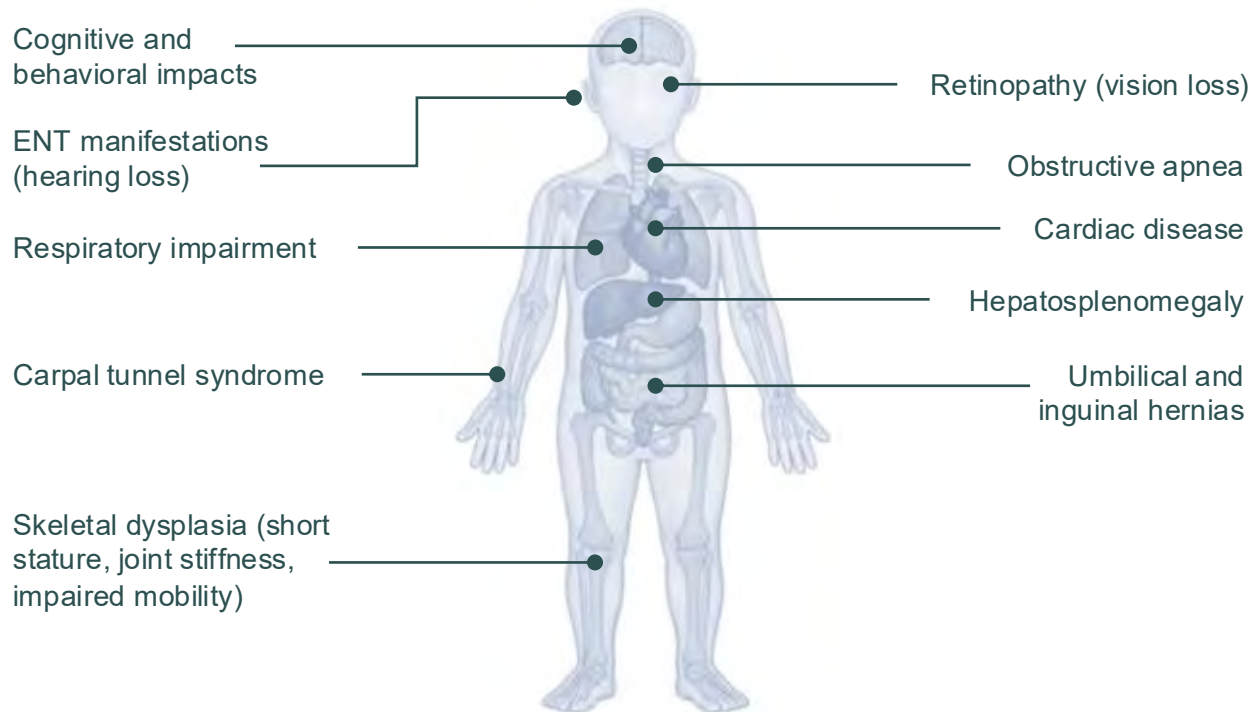
## Clinical Course



**MPS II** – Mucopolysaccharidoses Type II; **GAG** – Glycosaminoglycan; **ENT** – Ear, nose, and throat; **1.** Hashmi MS, Gupta V. Mucopolysaccharidosis Type II. [Updated 2023 Jul 25]. In: StatPearls [Internet]. Treasure Island (FL): StatPearls Publishing; 2025 Jan. Accessed January 21, 2026. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK560829>; **2.** D'Avanzo F, et al. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2020;21(4):1258; **3.** McBride KL, et al. *Genet Med.* 2020;22(11):1735-1742; **4.** Nan H, et al. *Biomed Res Int.* 2020:2408402.

# MPS II: Progressive Spectrum Disease Affecting Body and Brain

## Patients with MPS II are Affected in Most Organ Systems<sup>1-4</sup>



## Neurologic Manifestations

- Cognitive<sup>1,3,4</sup>, behavioral<sup>1,3,4</sup>, hearing<sup>1</sup> and motor decline<sup>5</sup>
- Experienced by most patients<sup>6,7</sup>; severity spans the clinical spectrum



## Peripheral Manifestations

- Multisystem involvement<sup>8</sup>
- Progressive somatic burden<sup>8</sup>

**The broad range of systems impacted by MPS II necessitates a whole-body treatment approach**

**MPS II** – Mucopolysaccharidoses Type II; **1.** Hashmi MS, Gupta V. Mucopolysaccharidosis Type II. [Updated 2023 Jul 25]. In: StatPearls [Internet]. Treasure Island (FL): StatPearls Publishing; 2025 Jan. Accessed January 21, 2026.; <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK560829>; **2.** D'Avanzo F, et al. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2020;21(4):1258; **3.** Ream MA, et al. *Genet Med.* 2023;25(2):100330; **4.** McBride KL, et al. *Genet Med.* 2020;22(11):1735-1742 **5.** Phillips D et al, *Medical Research Archives*, 2024;12(11). Accessed March 19, 2026. <https://doi.org/10.18103/mra.v12i11.5915>; **6.** Lau H et al, *Mol Genet Metab Rep* 2023; 37:101005.; **7.** Wraith JE, Scarpa M, Beck M, et al. *Eur J Pediatr.* 2008;167:267-277; **8.** Nan H, et al. *Biomed Res Int.* 2020:2408402.

# Therapeutic Goal: Treat the Whole Body, Including the Brain

## Unmet Needs with Current Standard of Care Enzyme Replacement Therapy



### Neurologic Manifestations

Current ERT does not cross the BBB and does not reduce CNS GAG accumulation<sup>1-5</sup>

Cognitive and behavioral symptoms and hearing loss are inadequately addressed by current therapy



### Peripheral Manifestations

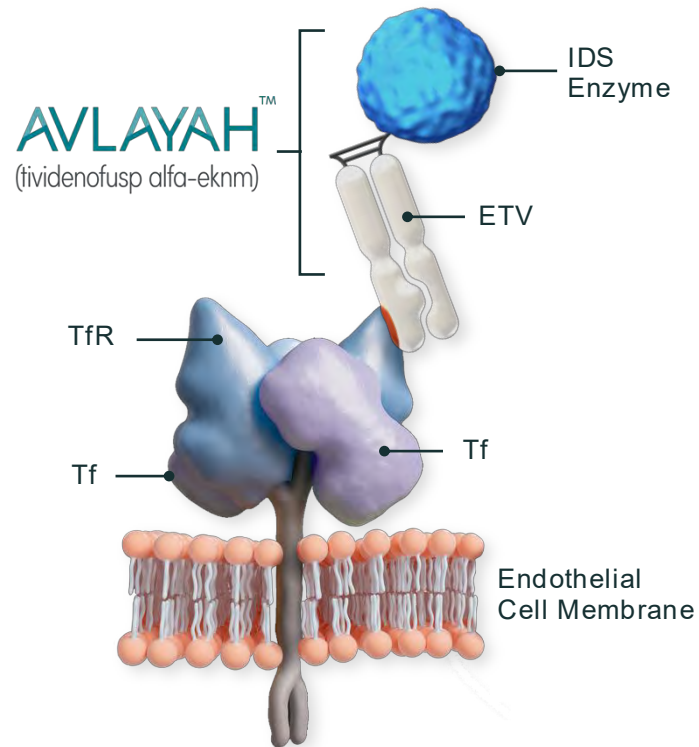
Patients may experience above-normal levels of urine GAGs even after treatment with current IV ERT<sup>5,6</sup>

Cardiac and skeletal symptoms are also often not addressed by current therapy<sup>7</sup>

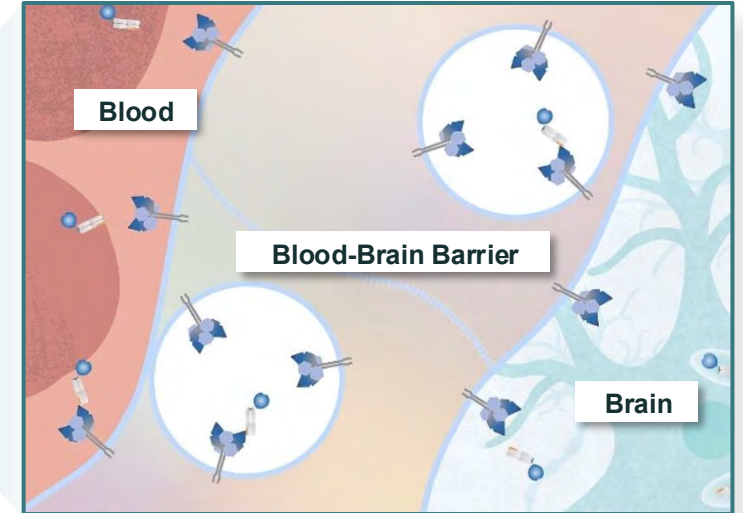
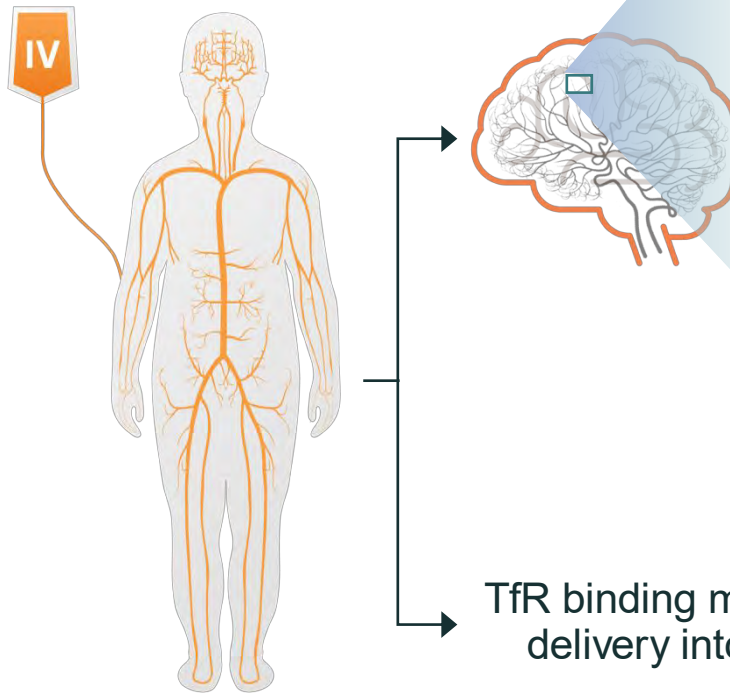
**New therapies are needed to adequately address both the neurologic and peripheral manifestations of MPS II**

# AVLAYAH™ Utilizes the Enzyme TransportVehicle™ (ETV) to Enable Delivery to the Brain and Periphery

**Transferrin receptor (TfR)** is highly expressed at the blood-brain barrier for natural iron transport



Our **TransportVehicle™ (TV)** leverages TfR to enable **brain delivery** of biotherapeutics



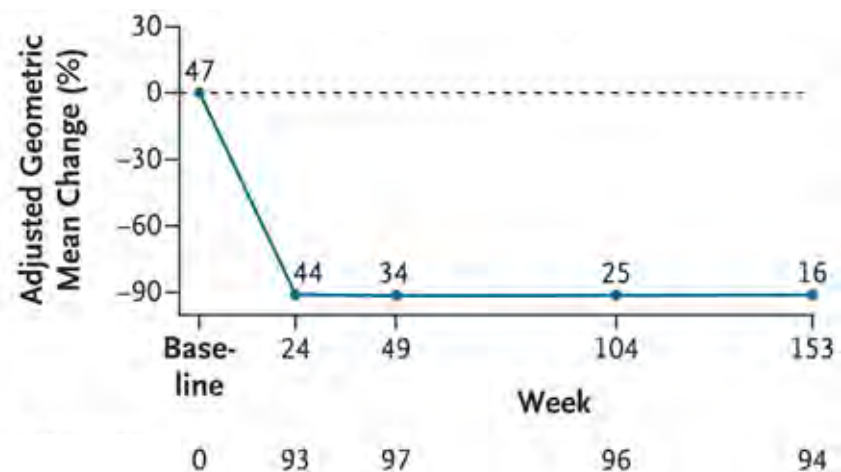
Design of the TV is optimized to enable AVLAYAH™ to cross the blood-brain barrier

TfR binding may also facilitate delivery into other tissues

# Tividenofusp alfa-eknm Phase 1/2 Results in MPS II: Biomarkers

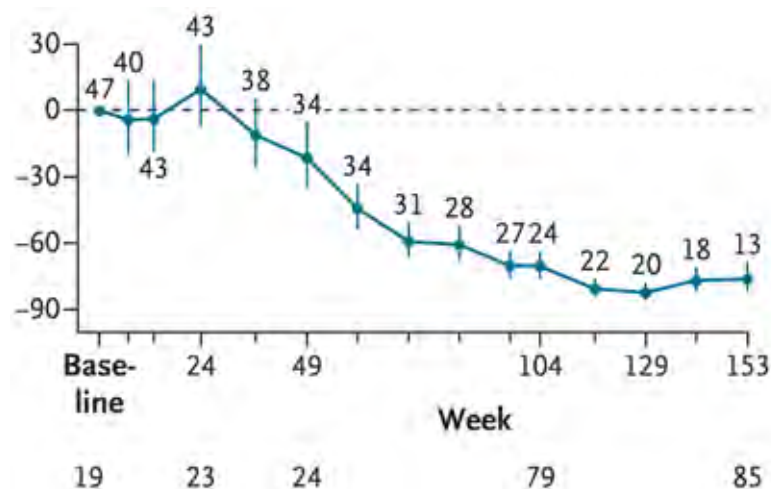
## Normalization of CSF HS

Biomarker of CNS disease



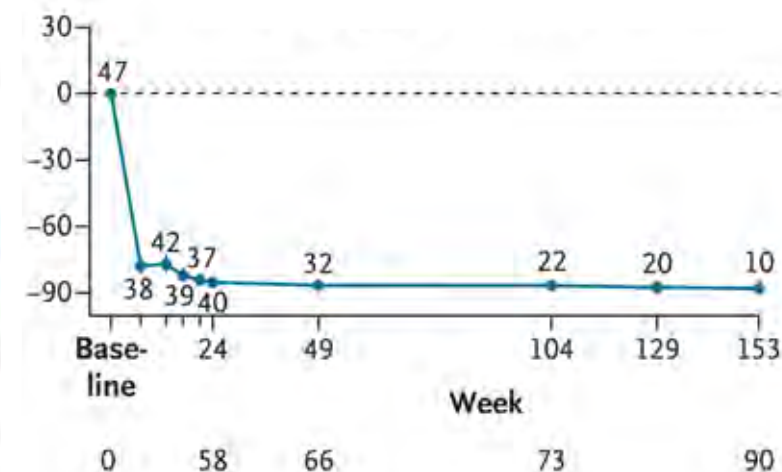
## Normalization of NfL

Biomarker of neuronal damage



## Normalization of Urine HS

Biomarker of peripheral disease

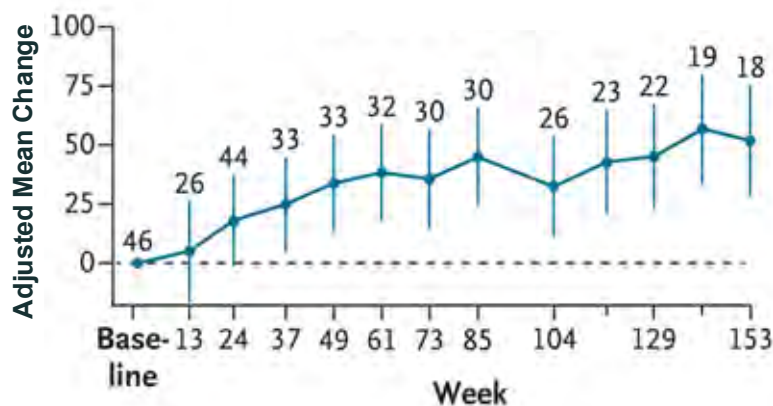


**Treatment with tividenofusp alfa-eknm over a median duration of 2 years was associated with reductions in CNS and peripheral biomarkers of substrate accumulation and neuronal injury to levels within the range of unaffected children**

# Tividenofusp alfa-eknm Phase 1/2 Results in MPS II: Clinical

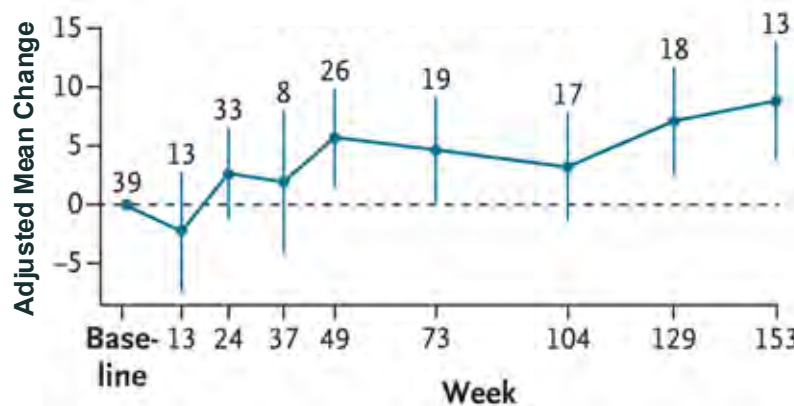
## Improvement in Adaptive Behavior

Vineland-3



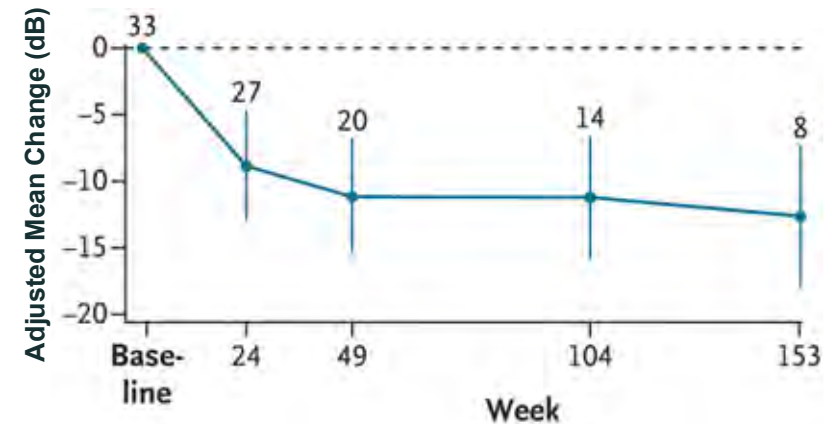
## Improvement in Cognition

BSID-III



## Improvement in Hearing

Auditory Brainstem Response (PTA)



**While on tividenofusp alfa-eknm, clinical outcomes showed skill gains relative to baseline on measures of adaptive behavior, cognition and hearing threshold improvement**

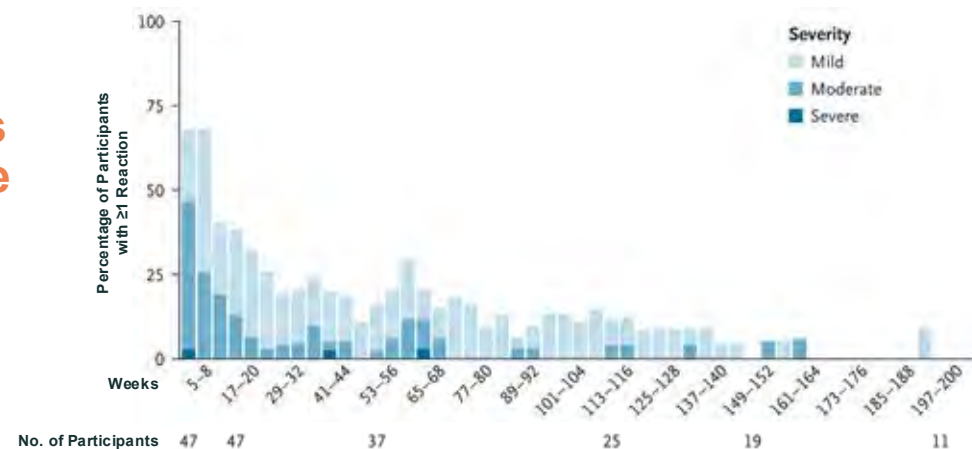
# Tividenofusp alfa-eknm Phase 1/2 Results in MPS II: Safety

## Summary of Adverse Events

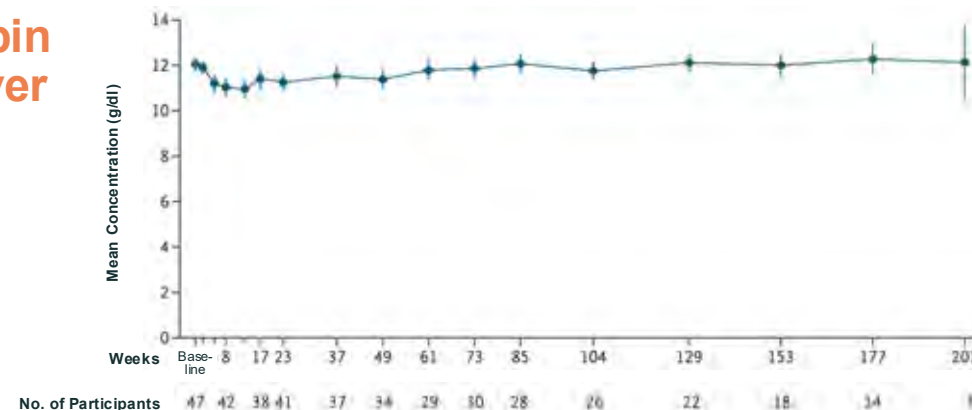
(Safety Analysis Population)

Event	Part 1: 24-Week Treatment Period (N=47)	Part 2: 80-Week Safety Extension (N=46)	Part 3: 157-Week Open-Label Extension (N=27)	All Periods (N=47)
	number of participants (percent)			
Adverse event†	47 (100)	41 (89)	25 (93)	47 (100)
Mild	8 (17)	3 (7)	8 (30)	2 (4)
Moderate	35 (74)	30 (65)	15 (56)	32 (68)
Severe	4 (9)	8 (17)	2 (7)	13 (28)
Serious adverse event‡	6 (13)	11 (24)	4 (15)	18 (38)
Treatment-related serious adverse event§	3 (6)	0	0	3 (6)
Adverse events of special interest¶				
Infusion-related reaction	27 (57)	15 (33)	4 (15)	29 (62)
Anemia	11 (23)	2 (4)	1 (4)	11 (23)
Adverse event leading to discontinuation of study participation	1 (2)	0	0	1 (2)
Adverse event leading to dose reduction	22 (47)	11 (24)	4 (15)	27 (57)
Adverse event leading to dose interruption	34 (72)	37 (80)	15 (56)	43 (91)
Most frequent adverse events				
Infusion-related reaction	39 (83)	26 (57)	11 (41)	41 (87)
Upper respiratory tract infection	11 (23)	20 (43)	8 (30)	28 (60)
Pyrexia	11 (23)	17 (37)	6 (22)	26 (55)
Cough	8 (17)	14 (30)	6 (22)	22 (47)
Vomiting	14 (30)	10 (22)	6 (22)	20 (43)
Diarrhea	9 (19)	10 (22)	4 (15)	19 (40)
Rash	10 (21)	8 (17)	6 (22)	19 (40)
Anemia	18 (38)	3 (7)	2 (7)	18 (38)
Covid-19	6 (13)	13 (28)	2 (7)	18 (38)
Rhinorrhea	9 (19)	8 (17)	4 (15)	18 (38)

## Infusion-Related Reactions Over Time



## Hemoglobin Levels Over Time



**Infusion-related reactions, a known risk of ERTs, were the most common adverse event, decreasing in incidence and severity over time**

# Select Highlights of AVLAYAH™ U.S. Prescribing Information

<b>Indications and Usage</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• AVLAYAH™ is indicated for the treatment of neurologic manifestations in patients with Hunter syndrome (MPS II) when initiated in presymptomatic or symptomatic pediatric patients weighing at least 5 kg prior to advanced neurologic impairment</li><li>• AVLAYAH™ is not recommended for use in combination with other enzyme replacement therapies</li></ul>
<b>Dosage and Administration</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Recommended AVLAYAH™ maintenance dosage is 15 mg/kg administered once weekly as an intravenous infusion over ~4 hours</li><li>• AVLAYAH™ treatment should be initiated with a dose escalation regimen</li></ul>
<b>Clinical Studies and Pharmacodynamics</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>CSF HS:</b> Treatment with AVLAYAH™ resulted in a significant 91% mean reduction of CSF HS from baseline with 93% of patients having CSF HS levels below the upper limit of normal (ULN) at Week 24</li><li>• <b>Urine GAGs:</b> At baseline, 4% of patients had total urine GAG levels below the ULN. After treatment with AVLAYAH™ 68% of patients had total urine GAG levels below the ULN at Week 24</li></ul>
<b>Safety</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Boxed warning regarding hypersensitivity (including anaphylaxis) consistent with other approved ERTs</li><li>• Infusion-Associated Reactions: Manage with monitoring and infusion rate adjustment; discontinue if severe</li><li>• Anemia: Typically early onset and manageable with supportive care; monitor hemoglobin</li><li>• Membranous Nephropathy: one case reported; monitor serum creatinine and urine protein to creatinine ratio</li></ul>

# Clear Path from Accelerated to Full Approval

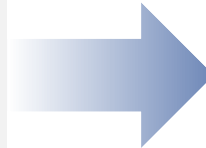
## Phase 1/2 Study

47 participants

▼  
**AVLAYAH**<sup>TM</sup>  
(tildenafilusp alfa-eknm)

U.S. Accelerated Approval Achieved

▼  
Supports Select Country Approvals



## Phase 2/3 Confirmatory Study

63 participants

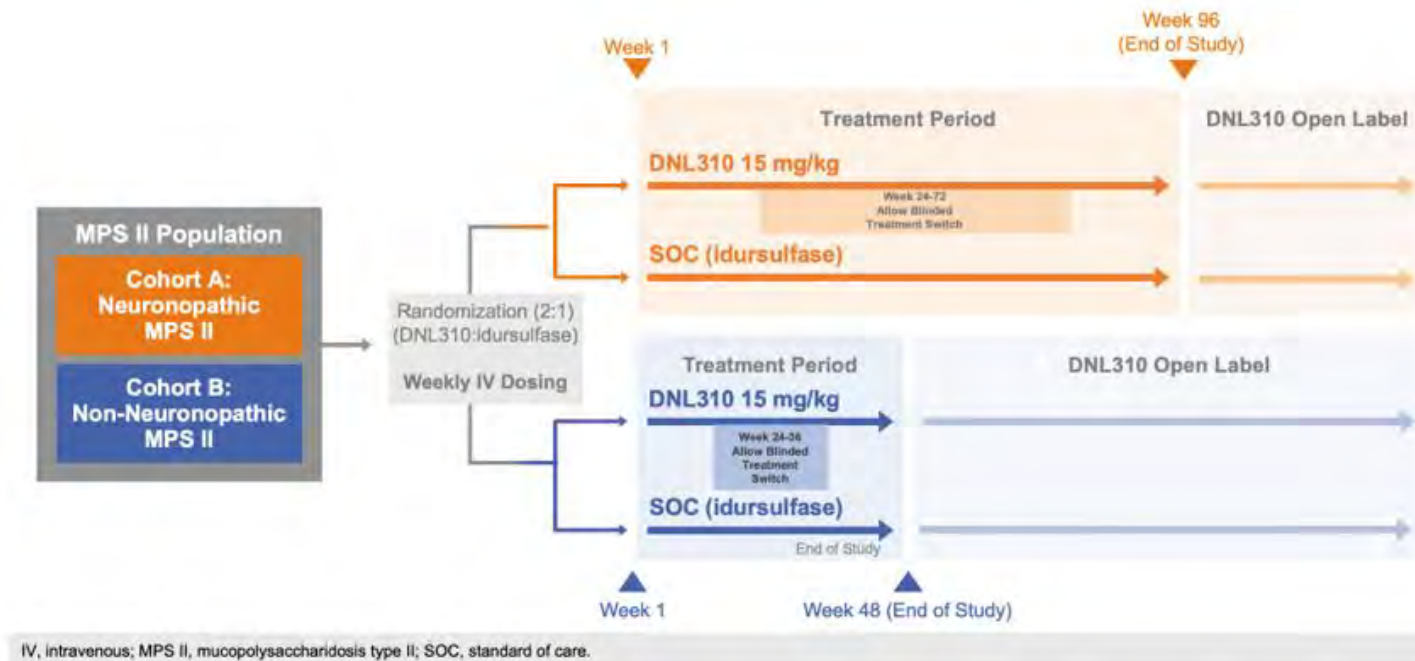
▼  
 **COMPASS**

▼  
Supporting Conversion to U.S.  
Full Approval, Label Expansion  
and Global Approvals

# Tividenofusp Alfa Global Phase 2/3 Study Design

## Design

- **Duration:** Cohort A: 96-week study + extension | Cohort B: 48-week study + extension
- **Study Design:** Randomized double-blinded active control



NCT05371613

## Study Population

- **Cohort A:** Neuronopathic MPS II, aged  $\geq 2$  to  $< 6$  years
- **Cohort B:** Non-neuronopathic MPS II, aged  $\geq 6$  to  $< 26$  years
- Receiving idursulfase for  $> 4$  months

## Key Endpoints

- **Cohort A:** CSF HS, Vineland-3, BSID-II, serum NfL
- **Cohort B:** 6MWT
- **Cohorts A & B:** Urine HS and DS, Liver and Spleen MRI volume, Patient / Caregiver Impression of Change, Safety

**Rigorous design to confirm efficacy and safety and support global approvals**

# Setting a New Bar for the Treatment of MPS II

**AVLAYAH**<sup>TM</sup>  
(tividenofusp alfa-eknm)

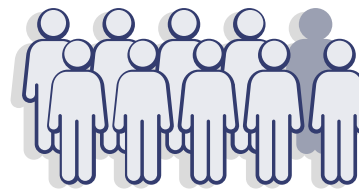
The first FDA-approved enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) to cross the **blood-brain barrier** to reach the brain in addition to the body



**9** out of **10**

**individuals had normal levels\* of CSF HS after 6 months and 12 months of treatment**

At the start of the study, 0 individuals had normal levels\* of CSF HS; the majority had previously received ERT



**9** out of **10**

**individuals had normal levels\* of uGAGs after 12 months of treatment**

At the start of the study, 2 individuals had normal levels\* of uGAGs; the majority had previously received ERT

\* "Normal levels" refers to biomarker levels typically seen in people without Hunter syndrome; **MPS II** – Mucopolysaccharidoses Type II; **CSF** – Cerebrospinal fluid; **HS** – Heparan sulfate; **uGAGs** – Urine glycosaminoglycans; **ERT** – Enzyme replacement therapy; All strategies and tactics are subject to Legal review prior to implementation. Source: Muenzer et al. 2026 *NEJM*.

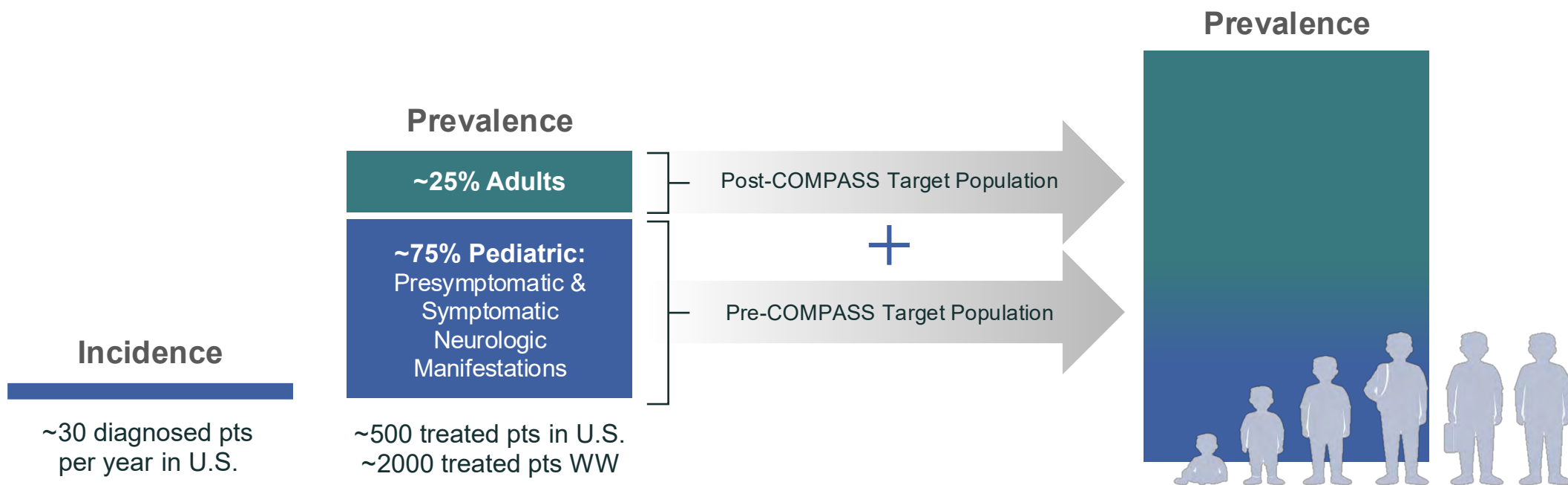
# AVLAYAH™ Has the Potential to Reduce Disease Burden, Leading to Growth in the MPS II Population

## Current Standard of Care Paradigm

The prevalent MPS II population reflects a higher early death rate for individuals born with severe disease

## Potential Future Treatment Paradigm

Potential for a larger MPS II population over time as disease burden is reduced



# Our Stakeholders Are Ready and Waiting for AVLAYAH™



## Physicians<sup>1</sup>

**90%** view AVLAYAH™'s data as highly motivating to prescribe

- Recognize significant **unmet needs** across **brain and body**
- **No overall concerns** with safety profile

“*This novel treatment should have a profound impact on individuals and families living with this devastating disease.*

— MPS II HCP



## Patients & Caregivers<sup>2</sup>

**80%** are aware of new treatments coming and excited to try AVLAYAH™

- Perceive significant **unmet needs**, across **brain and body**
- **Advocacy orgs** and **peer-to-peer** communications **most influential**

“*We are hopeful a new treatment will be approved by the FDA that will benefit him neurologically, as well as his overall quality of life.*

— Recently diagnosed Hunter family



## Payers<sup>3</sup>

**90%** of commercial lives represented in conversations with payers

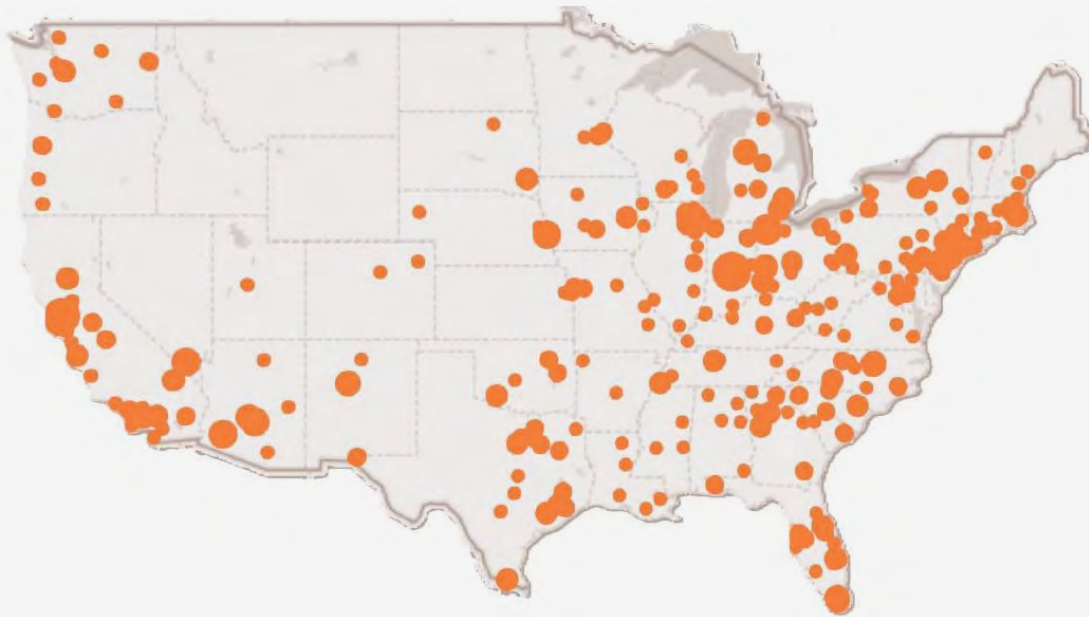
- **Perceive therapeutic benefit** due to ability to cross the BBB
- View AVLAYAH™'s **benefit/risk profile favorably**

“*We recognize the clinical need for the MPS II patients and will likely manage to FDA approved label.*

— US Commercial Payer

# Concentrated Stakeholders Enable Us to Reach All Treaters Across the 80 to 100 Centers of Excellence in the U.S.

## MPS II Patient Distribution



~500 patients in the U.S. on SoC ERT

Most MPS II patients treated by **clinical geneticists at ~80-100 genetic centers**

Denali has **established relationships with all major** MPS II treatment centers

Sales force **has profiled and segmented** all accounts with MPS II patients **to optimize execution**

# Built a Winning Team Ready for Launch

## / Launch Leadership Team

### Significant Experience Across Functions

- Product Strategy
- U.S. and Global Marketing
- U.S. / Ex-U.S. Market Access
- Market Planning and Analytics
- Medical Affairs & Med Info
- Field Sales
- Field Medical
- Patient Advocacy

### 19 Product/Indication Launches for Global Blockbusters

- Including Rare Diseases

## / US Field Team

### Deep Industry and Disease Expertise

- 25 Years Average Biopharma Industry Experience
- 96% LSD / Rare Disease Experience
- Average Rare Disease Experience: 12 Years

### Multiple Successful Product Launches

- All Rare Diseases

# Our Pricing Principles



## Access

---

Enable broad, equitable, and sustainable access for patients, the healthcare system, and society



## Affordability

---

Address affordability by providing comprehensive support to patients and families



## Fuel R&D

---

Ensure our ability to fuel R&D in the pursuit of meaningful and impactful treatments



## Value of Our Medicines

---

Reflect the clinical, economic, and societal value delivered by our medicines

**AVLAYAH™'s price reflects its therapeutic value and commitment to broad access**

# Denali Patient Services Supporting Patients and Caregivers

## DENALI Patient Services

We know every patient's journey is unique. **Denali Patient Services** offers personalized support services to patients, caregivers, and providers navigating therapy with AVLAYAH™



## CARE

Compassion, Assistance,  
Resources, and Education

Your dedicated **Denali CARE Partner** is here for you throughout your treatment journey

*Our Denali CARE Team is here to help with:*



Insurance  
Coverage



Treatment  
Coordination



Information  
and Resources



Financial  
Assistance

# AVLAYAH™ Aligned with Rare Disease Launch Dynamics

## / 2026: Building the Foundation Across Key Stakeholders for Revenue Acceleration



### Physicians

- Support procurement & access challenges
- Instill clinical belief of AVLAYAH™ Activate Centers of Excellence
- In-service & infusion education
- Scientific exchange



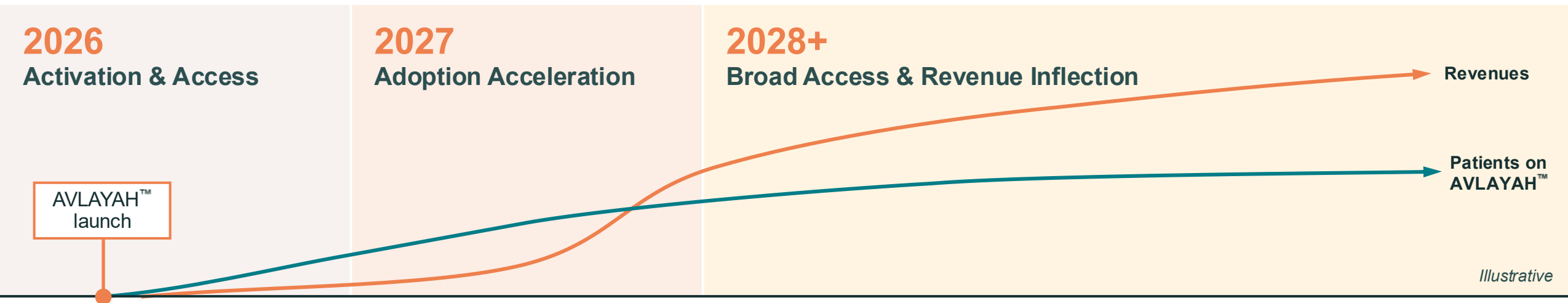
### Payers

- Secure commercial coverage policies
- Advance Medicaid coverage
- Operationalize prior authorization and medical exception process
- Reduce time from prescription to coverage approval



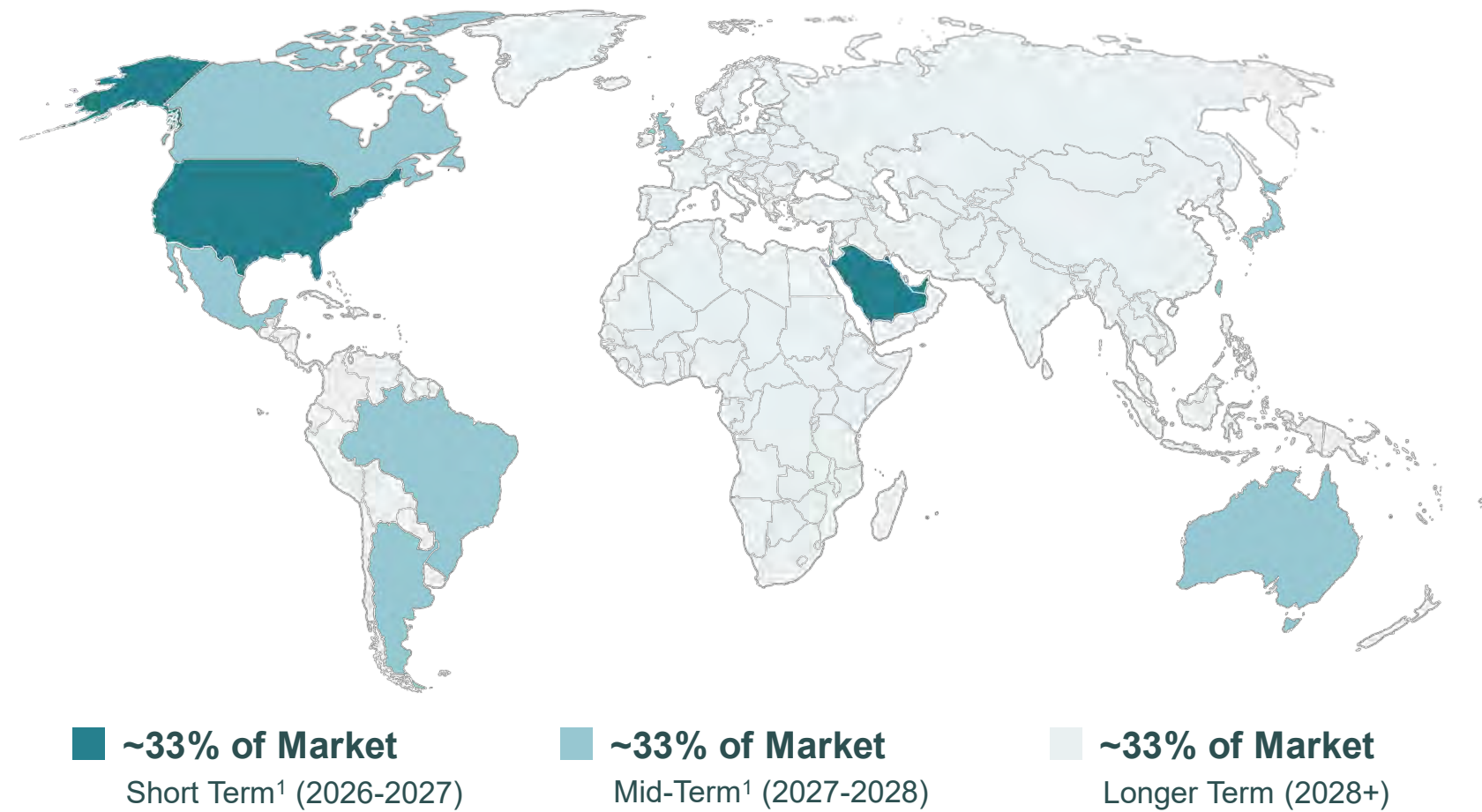
### Patients & Caregivers

- Launch with the advocacy community
- Drive awareness and consideration
- Support patients access to treatment
- Reduce time from prescription to first infusion



Illustrative

# Majority of Global Market Available Based on U.S. Accelerated Approval and/or Phase 1/2 Data



- We will pursue ex-U.S. approvals via the U.S. Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (CPP) for marketing authorization or conditional pathways, as available
- We are targeting all ~2,000 patients worldwide in commercially accessible geographies
- Distributor partnerships established across select LATAM and MENA

Note: Based on estimated worldwide split of idursulfase annual revenues of \$650M to \$700M, assuming we launch in ~90-95% of idursulfase geographies; 1. COMPASS Phase 2/3 data not needed for regulatory filings; All strategies and tactics are subject to Legal review prior to implementation.

# Key Messages for Today

**First Meaningful Advancement  
in 20 Years**



**Fully Built Rare  
Disease Commercial  
Team**



**AVLAYAH™**  
(tividenofusp alfa-eknm)

**Favorable Competitive  
Landscape**



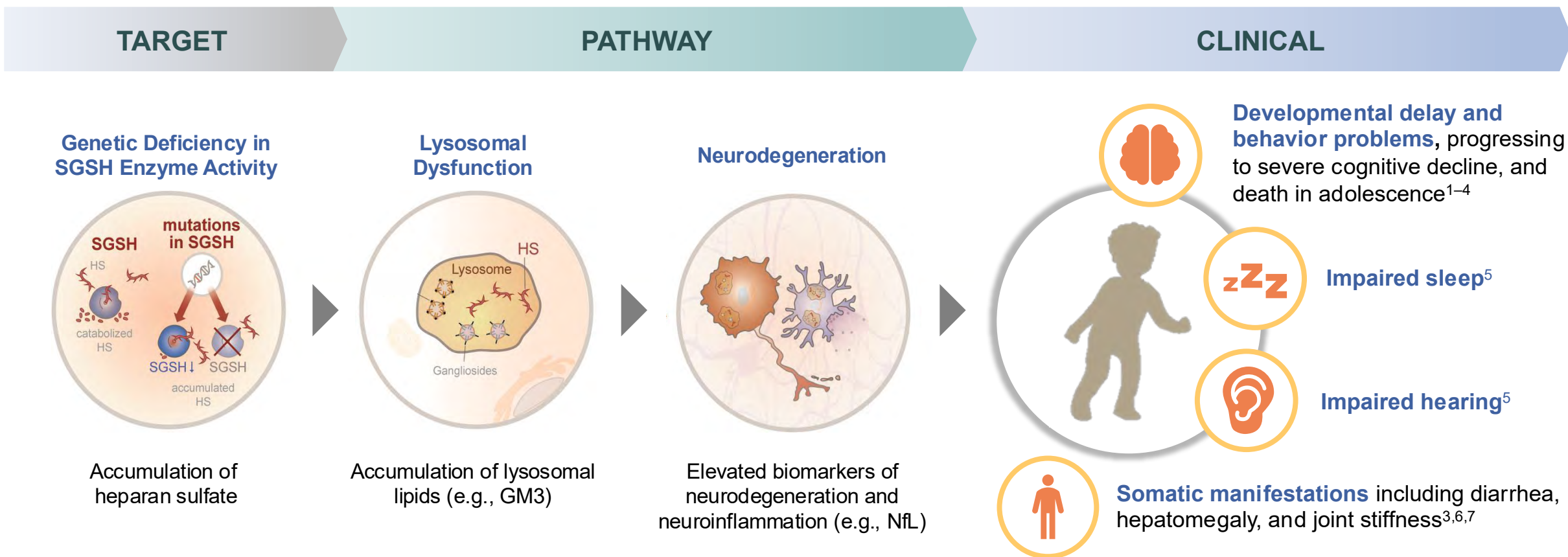
**Community Ready  
and Waiting**



**/ DNL126 (ETV:SGSH):  
Sanfilippo Syndrome Type A  
(MPS III A)**

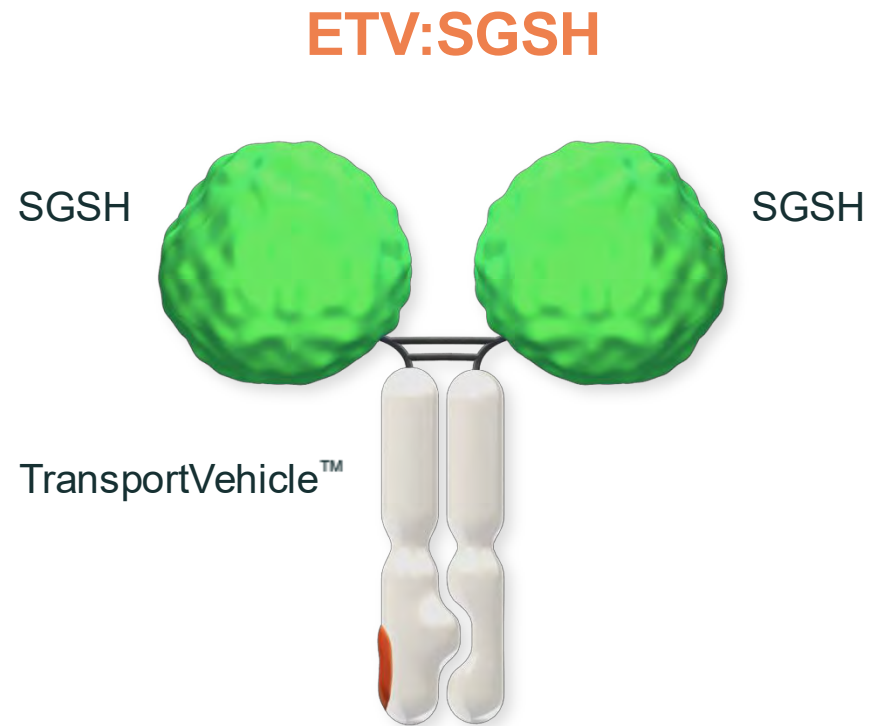


# MPS IIIA Pathogenesis, Biomarkers, and Clinical Manifestations



**Currently, there are no approved therapies for MPS IIIA, representing a high unmet medical need**

# DNL126 (ETV:SGSH): Designed to Deliver SGSH to the Brain

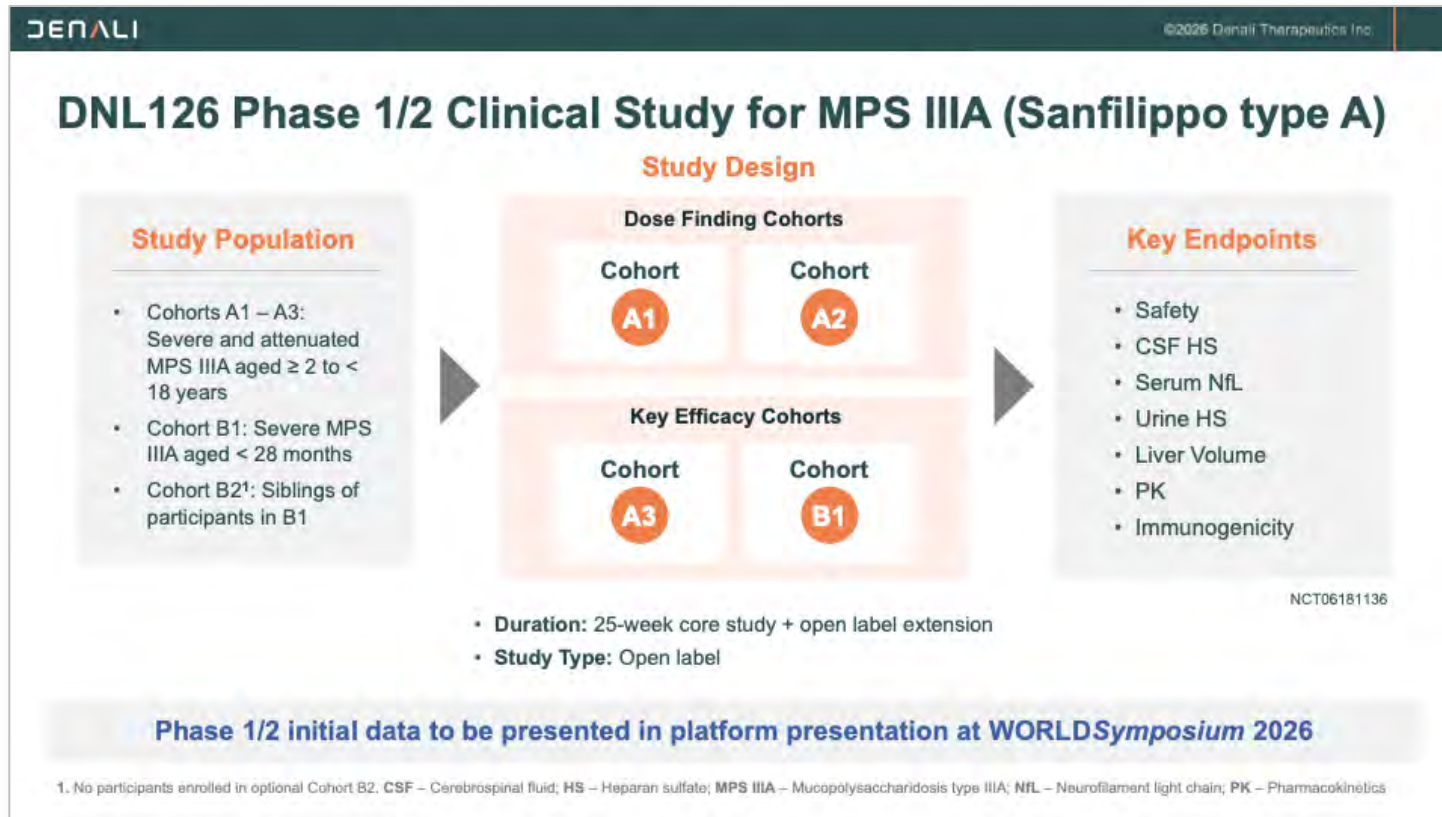


## Program Status

- Selected for FDA START program
- Phase 1/2 study in MPS IIIA
  - Achieved biomarker proof-of-concept
  - Enrollment completed (n=20)
  - Data at *WORLD Symposium* (Feb 2026)
- Aligned with FDA on accelerated approval path in MPS IIIA
- Phase 3 protocol under development

**DNL126 aims to address the relentless neurodevelopmental disease progression in MPS IIIA**

# DNL126: Study Data for Accelerated Approval



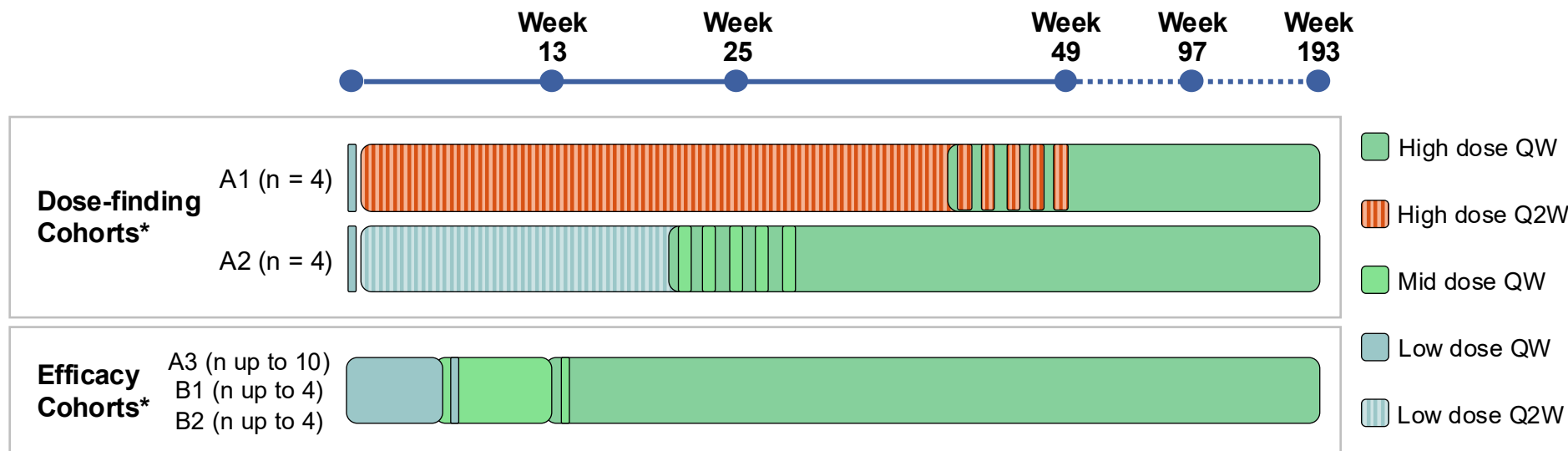
## Data for BLA Submission

- At least 49 weeks of data for all participants (Cohorts A1-A3, B1; n=20)
- CSF HS reduction from baseline in key efficacy cohorts (n=12) – surrogate endpoint reasonably likely to predict clinical benefit
- Supportive data on central and peripheral biomarkers, clinical endpoints
- Long-term safety up to ~2.5 years

**Expected BLA submission and approval in 2027**

# DNL126 Phase 1/2 Study in Pediatric Participants with MPS IIIA

- Study DNLI-I-0001 is a multicenter, open-label, 25-week study followed by an open-label extension period through 193 weeks (NCT06181136) in up to 26 pediatric participants with MPS IIIA in up to 5 cohorts
- Preliminary data through cut-off date of June 4, 2025
  - **Safety Outcomes:** Dose-finding and efficacy cohorts (n = 14)
  - **Efficacy Outcomes:** Dose-finding cohorts only; at Week 49, dose finding cohorts were receiving the high dose either QW or Q2W (n = 8)



## Primary Endpoint

- Percent change from baseline in CSF HS at W49 (*efficacy cohorts only*)

## Secondary Endpoints

- Percent change from baseline in urine HS at W49
- Change from baseline in liver volume at W49
- Percent change from baseline in serum NfL at W73
- Participants with CSF HS in normal range at W49 (*efficacy cohorts only*)

**Cohort A1–A3:** children with severe and attenuated phenotypes aged ≥ 2 to < 18 years

**Cohort B1:** children < 28 months of age with a predicted severe phenotype

**Cohort B2:** siblings of children in Cohort B1

**Study enrollment (n = 20) completed in September 2025**

\*Intraparticipant dose escalation occurred at varying times; **CSF** – cerebrospinal fluid; **QW** – once weekly; **Q2W** – once every 2 weeks; **W** – week. Source: Jalazo et al. *WORLDsymposium™* 2026

# All Cohorts: Participant Demographics and Characteristics

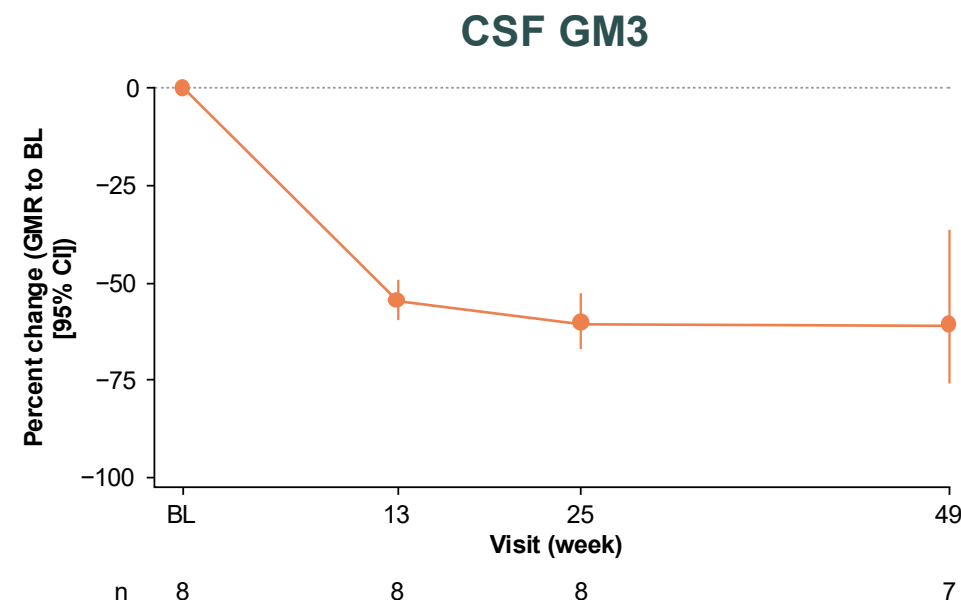
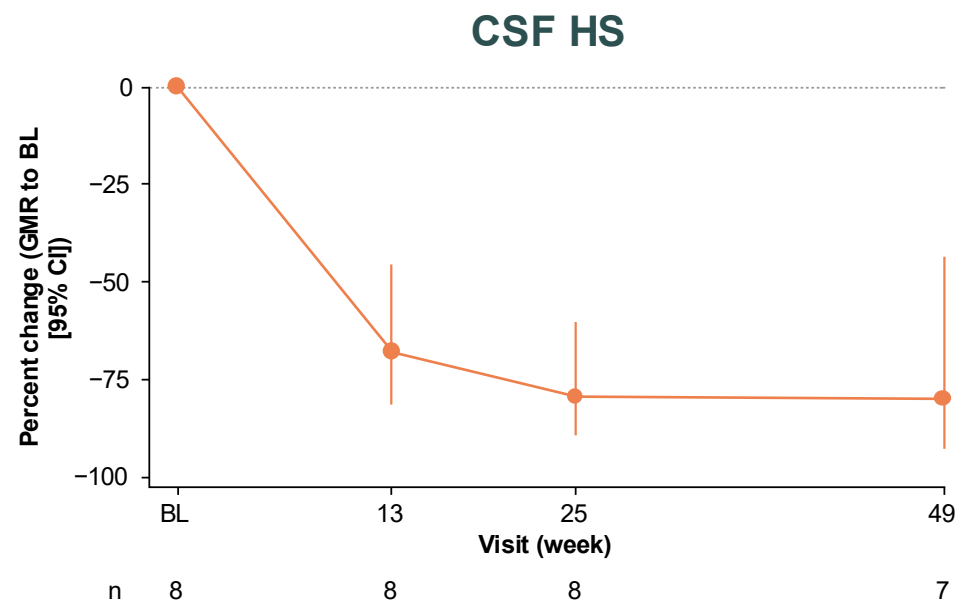
	Dose-finding Cohorts		Efficacy Cohorts*		All Cohorts (n = 14)
	Cohort A1 (n = 4)	Cohort A2 (n = 4)	Cohort A3 (n = 4)	Cohort B1 (n = 2)	
<b>DNL126 Treatment Duration</b>					
Completed up to Week 25	4 (100.0%)	4 (100.0%)	4 (100.0%)	1 (50.0%)	13 (92.9%)
Completed up to Week 49	4 (100.0%)	4 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	8 (57.1%)
<b>Age at Screening (months)</b>					
Median	47.0	57.5	51.5	27.0	49.0
Min – Max	36.0 – 55.0	51.0 – 78.0	33.0 – 87.0	27.0 – 27.0	27.0 – 87.0
<b>Sex</b>					
Female	2 (50%)	4 (100%)	3 (75%)	0	9 (64.3%)
Male	2 (50%)	0	1 (25%)	2 (100%)	5 (35.7%)
<b>Race</b>					
White	4 (100%)	4 (100%)	4 (100%)	2 (100%)	14 (100%)
<b>Ethnicity</b>					
Hispanic or Latino	0	1 (25%)	0	0	1 (7.1%)
p.S298P heterozygous	1 (25%)	1 (25%)	1 (25%)	0	3 (21.4%)

**Study population includes a broad spectrum of pediatric ages and genotypes**

\*No participants were enrolled in Cohort B2. Source: Jalazo et al. *WORLDsymposium™* 2026

# Preliminary Data Phase 1 Dose-finding Cohorts (A1 and A2)

## CNS Biomarkers: CSF Heparan Sulfate and GM3



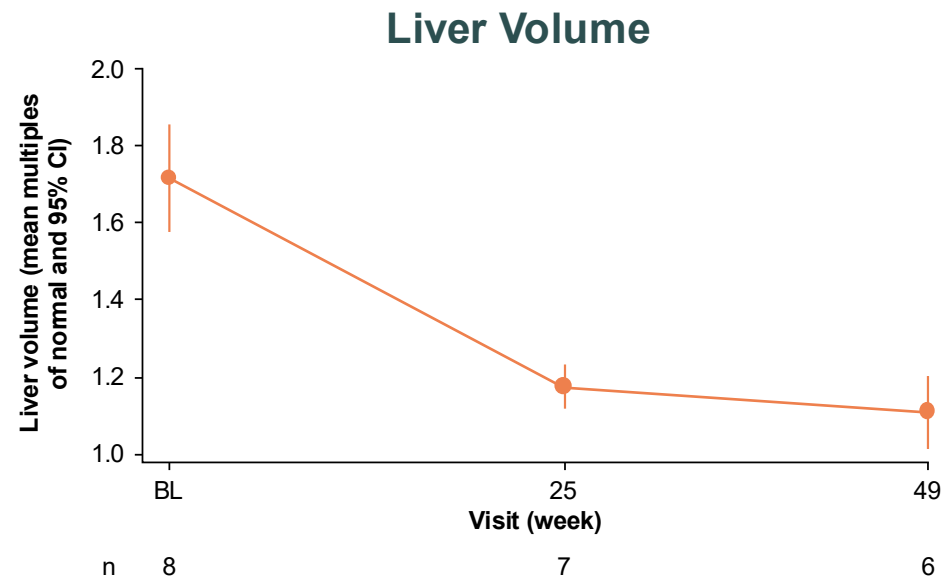
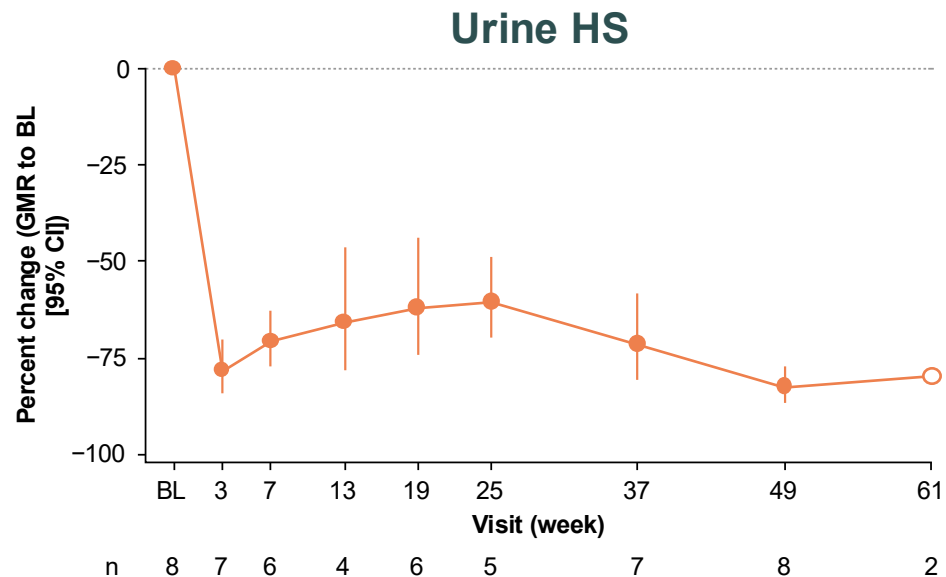
### Cohorts A1 and A2 at Week 49

- Mean reduction of 80% in CSF HS with 3 of 7\* participants within normal range\*\*
- Mean reduction of 61% in GM3 with 6 of 7\* participants within normal range\*\*\*

\*n = 7 at Week 49 as one participant had lumbar puncture performed early at Week 37. \*\*Age-based biomarker reference ranges were established based on CSF samples from 67 individuals without MPS IIIA (median [min, max] age: 8.88 [0.06, 25.3] years). \*\*\*Age-based biomarker reference ranges were established based on GM3 samples from 70 individuals without MPS IIIA (median [min, max] age: 8.77 [0.06, 25.3] years); **BL** – baseline; **CI** – confidence interval; **CNS** – central nervous system; **GMR** – geometric mean ratio. Source: Jalazo et al. *WORLDsymposium™* 2026

# Preliminary Data Phase 1 Dose-finding Cohorts (A1 and A2)

## Peripheral Measures: Urine HS and Liver Volume



- Substantial reduction observed by Week 3
  - Variability in response beyond Week 3 due to intra participant differences in dose frequency and dose escalation
- Mean liver volumes 1.72 times normal at baseline
- At Week 49, mean reduction of 0.6 (SD: 0.14) in liver volume multiples of normal

### Cohorts A1 and A2 at Week 49

- Mean reduction of 83% in urine HS, 0 of 8 participants within normal range\*
- Mild hepatomegaly improved by Week 25; 6 of 6 participants within normal range\*\*

Open circles represent timepoints with less than three samples; **MRI** – magnetic resonance imaging; **SD** – standard deviation; \* ULN ranges were determined as the 97.5th percentile using urine samples from 149 pediatric individuals without MPS IIIA (median [min, max] age: 4.93 [0.05, 17.2] years). \*\*One participant had MRI performed outside of Week 49 analysis window, and one did not have data available at time of data cut. Values less than the upper bound of the 95% prediction interval for liver volume based on weight and height are defined as normal (Herden U et al. *Transpl Int* 2013;26:1217–24). Source: Jalazo et al. *WORLDSymposium™* 2026

# All Cohorts: Safety Overview

- All participants (n = 14) experienced a TEAE assessed by the investigator as related to the study intervention
- The majority of participants experienced TEAEs with a maximum severity of Grade 1 or Grade 2
  - There were no Grade 4 or Grade 5 TEAEs
- Serious TEAEs were reported in 4 (28.6%) participants; none were considered treatment-related
- IRRs were common and reported in all participants
- There were no deaths or TEAEs that led to early discontinuation from the study intervention or the study

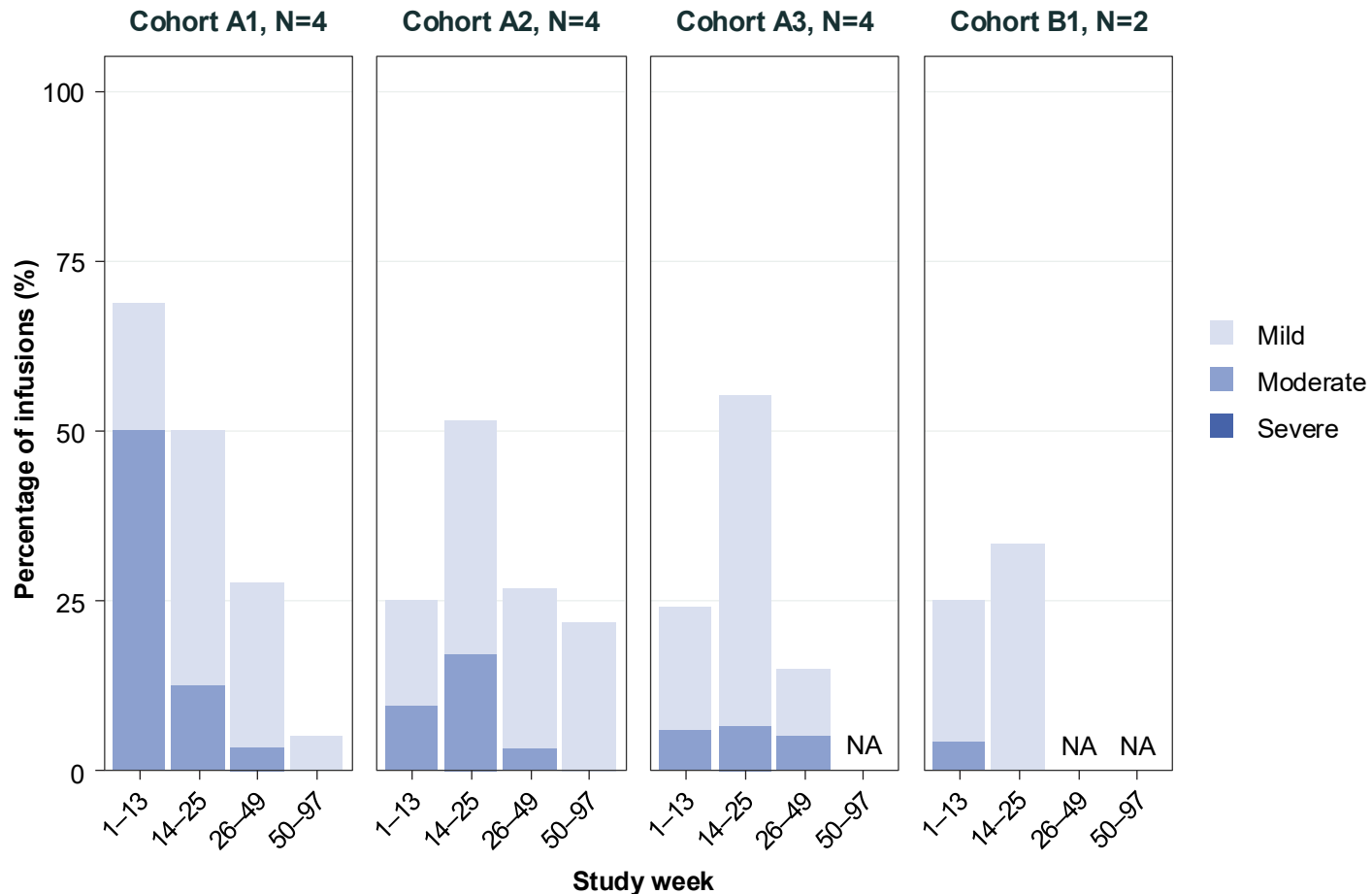
## TEAEs Reported in >30% of Participants

Preferred Term	All Cohorts (n = 14) [n (%)]
Infusion-Related Reaction	14 (100)
Upper Respiratory Infection	9 (64.3)
Vomiting	9 (64.3)
Nasal Congestion	7 (50.0)
Cough	6 (42.9)
Diarrhea	5 (35.7)
Ear Infection	5 (35.7)
Fall	5 (35.7)
Gastroenteritis	5 (35.7)
Irritability	5 (35.7)

**Preliminary data demonstrate that the safety profile of DNL126 in children with MPS IIIA was generally consistent with established enzyme replacement therapies**

# All Cohorts: Infusion-related Reactions

## Infusion-related Reactions by Cohort and Study Week



- IRR frequency and/or severity decreased after Week 25 in all cohorts (limited data available for Cohorts A3 and B1)
- Reduced IRR severity and/or frequency through Week 25 were observed in cohorts utilizing gradual dose escalation (Cohorts A2, A3 and B1)
- IRRs were manageable with premedications, infusion-rate adjustments, and/or infusion interruptions
  - Slow graduated rates adapted from Castells (2008) were utilized to prevent further IRRs in one participant

# Conclusions

## Preliminary Results from Dose-finding Cohorts Demonstrate that 49 Weeks of DNL126 Treatment Resulted in Substantial Reductions in CSF and Peripheral Biomarkers, with Some Participants Achieving Normalization

- CSF HS: 80% mean reduction at Week 49, with normalization in 3 of 7 participants
- CSF GM3: 61% mean reduction at Week 49, with normalization in 6 of 7 participants
- Urine HS: 83% mean reduction at Week 49, no participants within normal range
- Improvement in mild hepatomegaly observed as early as Week 25, with normalization in 6 of 6 participants at Week 49

## Preliminary Safety Data in Pediatric Participants with MPS IIIA Treated with DNL126 were Generally Consistent with Established ERTs

- All participants experienced TEAEs; the majority of TEAEs were mild or moderate in severity
- No treatment-related serious TEAEs, treatment discontinuations or study discontinuations were reported
- Frequently reported TEAEs included IRRs, upper respiratory infection, vomiting, nasal congestion, and cough
- IRRs were manageable and decreased in frequency and severity over time
  - Reduced IRR severity and/or frequency was observed in cohorts utilizing gradual dose escalation

**On track for BLA filing for accelerated approval in 2027**

**/ DNL593 (PTV:PGRN):  
Frontotemporal Dementia-  
Granulin (FTD-*GRN*)**



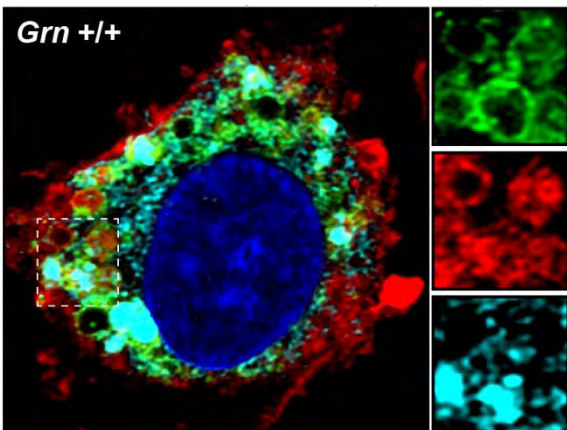
# DNL593 (PTV:PGRN): PGRN Brain Delivery for FTD-GRN

DNL593 delivers PGRN to key cell types in brain

**Rescue of a lysosomal storage disorder caused by *Gm* loss of function with a brain penetrant progranulin biologic**



Todd Logan,<sup>1,6</sup> Matthew J. Simon,<sup>1,6</sup> Anil Rana,<sup>1,7</sup> Gerald M. Cherf,<sup>1,7</sup> Ankita Srivastava,<sup>1,7,8</sup> Sonnet S. Davis,<sup>1</sup> Ray Lieh Yoon Low,<sup>1</sup> Chi-Lu Chiu,<sup>1</sup> Meng Fang,<sup>1</sup> Fen Huang,<sup>1</sup> Akhil Bhalla,<sup>1</sup> Ceyda Llapashtica,<sup>1</sup> Rachel Prorok,<sup>1</sup> Michelle E. Pizzo,<sup>1</sup> Meredith E.K. Calvert,<sup>1</sup> Elizabeth W. Sun,<sup>1</sup> Jennifer Hsiao-Nakamoto,<sup>1</sup> Yashas Rajendra,<sup>1</sup> Katrina W. Lexa,<sup>1</sup> Devendra B. Srivastava,<sup>1</sup> Bettina van Lengerich,<sup>1</sup> Junhua Wang,<sup>1</sup> Yaneth Robles-Colmenares,<sup>1</sup> Do Jin Kim,<sup>1</sup> Joseph Duque,<sup>1</sup> Melina Lenser,<sup>1</sup> Timothy K. Earr,<sup>1</sup> Hoang Nguyen,<sup>1</sup> Roni Chau,<sup>1</sup> Buyankhishig Tsogtbaatar,<sup>1</sup> Ritesh Ravi,<sup>1</sup> Lukas L. Skuja,<sup>1</sup> Hilda Solanoy,<sup>1</sup> Howard J. Rosen,<sup>2,3</sup> Bradley F. Boeve,<sup>3,4</sup> Adam L. Boxer,<sup>2,3</sup> Hilary W. Heuer,<sup>2,3</sup> Mark S. Dennis,<sup>1</sup> Mihalis S. Kariolis,<sup>1</sup> Kathryn M. Monroe,<sup>1</sup> Laralynne Przybyla,<sup>1,9</sup> Pascal E. Sanchez,<sup>1</sup> Rene Meisner,<sup>1</sup> Dolores Diaz,<sup>1</sup> Kirk R. Henne,<sup>1</sup> Ryan J. Watts,<sup>1</sup> Anastasia G. Henry,<sup>1</sup> Kannan Gunasekaran,<sup>1</sup> Giuseppe Astarita,<sup>1,6</sup> Jung H. Suh,<sup>1</sup> Joseph W. Lewcock,<sup>1</sup> Sarah L. DeVos,<sup>1,6</sup> and Gilbert Di Paolo<sup>1,10,\*</sup>



**LAMP2**

Lysosome Marker

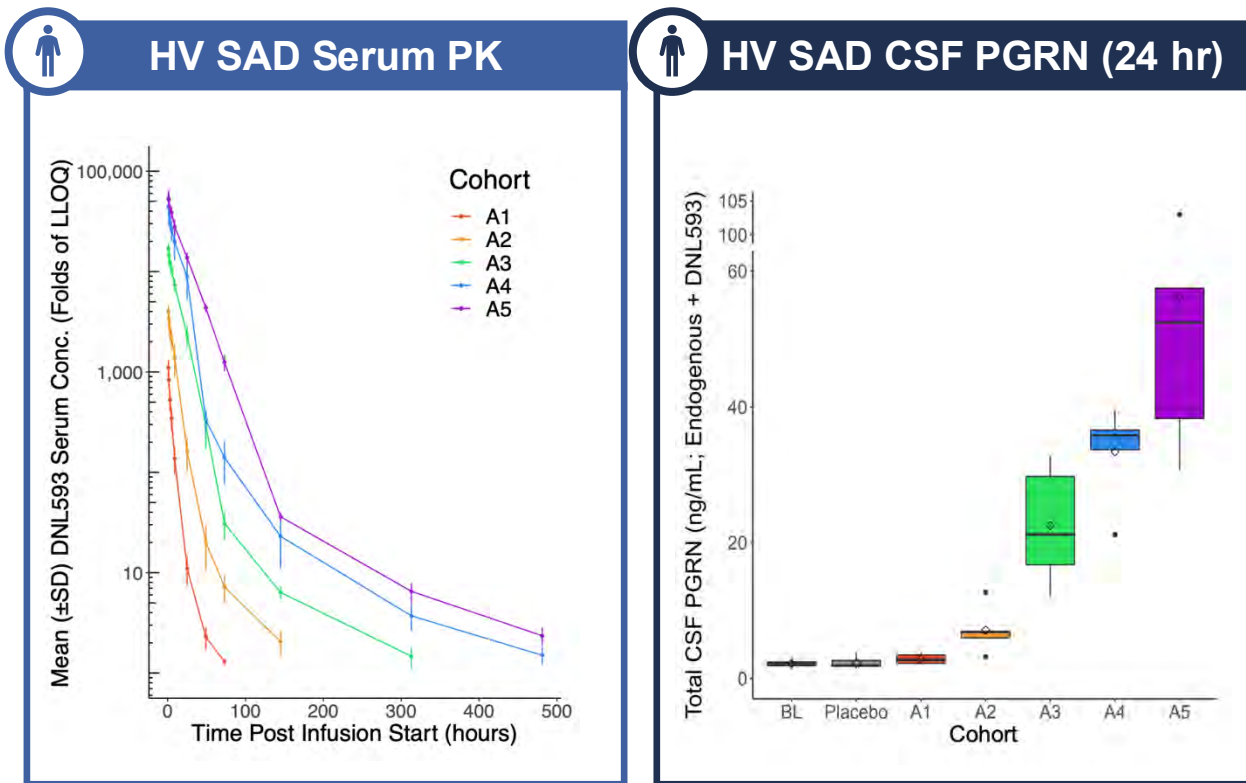
**BMP**

Lipid critical for lysosome activity

**PGRN**

Localized to lysosome

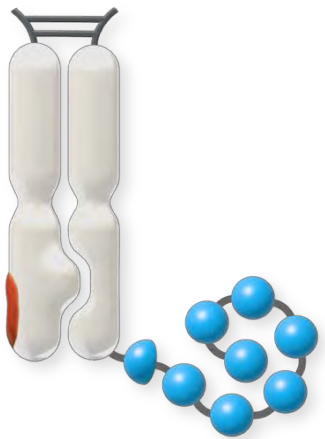
Dose-dependent increase in CSF PGRN in HV with IV DNL593 further validates TV for BBB crossing



Ongoing Ph 1/2 study fully enrolled in patients with FTD resulting from a *GRN* mutation

# DNL593 Phase 1/2 Clinical Study for FTD-GRN

**DNL593**  
(PTV:PGRN)



**Program status:**  
Regained full rights  
from Takeda

## Study Population

- Part A: healthy volunteers aged  $\geq 18$  to  $\leq 55$  years
- Part B: *GRN* mutation carriers; symptomatic participants diagnosed with FTD-*GRN*; aged  $\geq 18$  to  $\leq 80$  years
- Part C: participants who complete Part B

## Study Plan

Enrollment Completed

**SAD Cohort A**

**MAD Cohort B**

Optional OLE Ongoing

**MAD Cohort C**

## Goals & Objectives

- Part A: safety, PK
- Parts B & C:
  - Safety, PK, PD biomarkers
  - Clinical, neuropsychology, and imaging outcomes

- **Duration:** 25-week core study + open label extension
- **Study Type:** Randomized, placebo-controlled, double blind

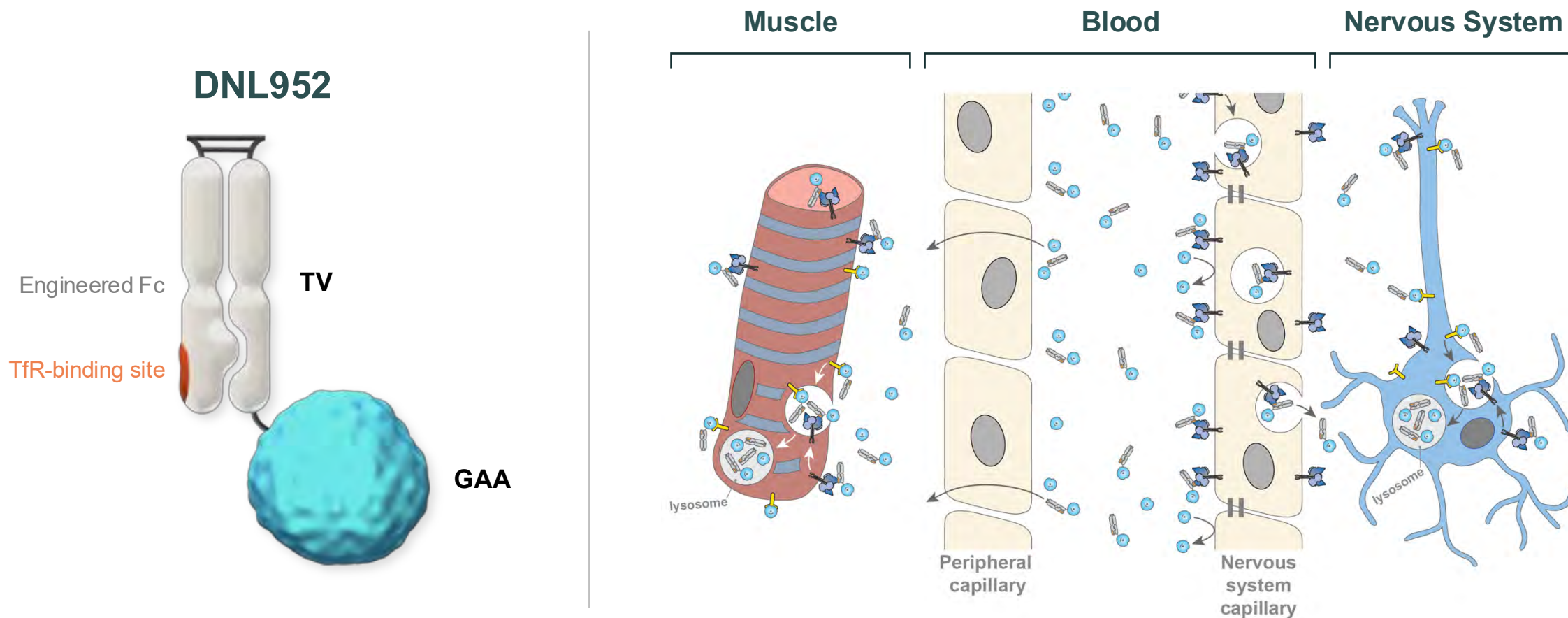
NCT05262023

**Phase 2 Part B interim data in patients with FTD-GRN expected to read out in 2026**

**/ DNL952 (ETV:GAA):  
Pompe Disease**

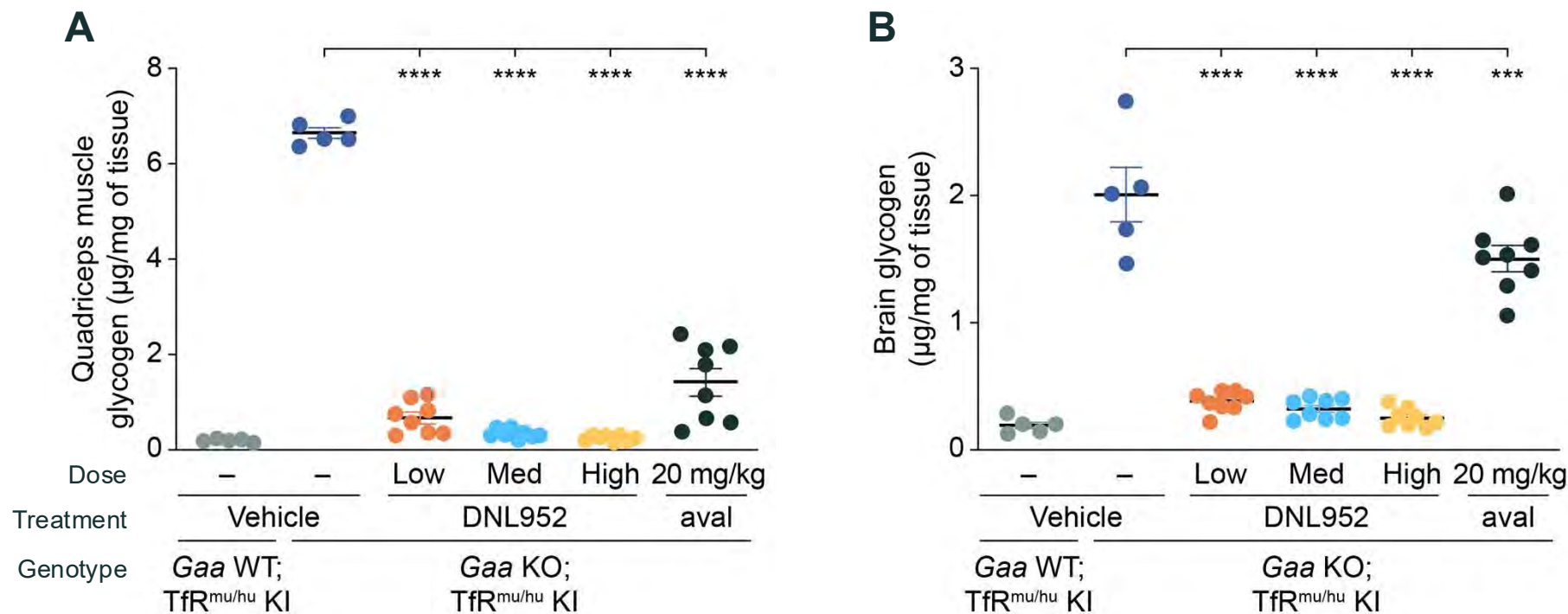


# DNL952 is a Novel, Investigational ERT for Pompe Disease Designed to Improve GAA Delivery to Muscle and the Nervous System



Denali's TransportVehicle™ (TV) platform harnesses the transferrin receptor (TfR) to enhance distribution via receptor-mediated cellular uptake and transcytosis

# PD Response of DNL952 After Multiple Doses Administered EOW Shows Near Normalization of Glycogen Levels in Muscle and Brain



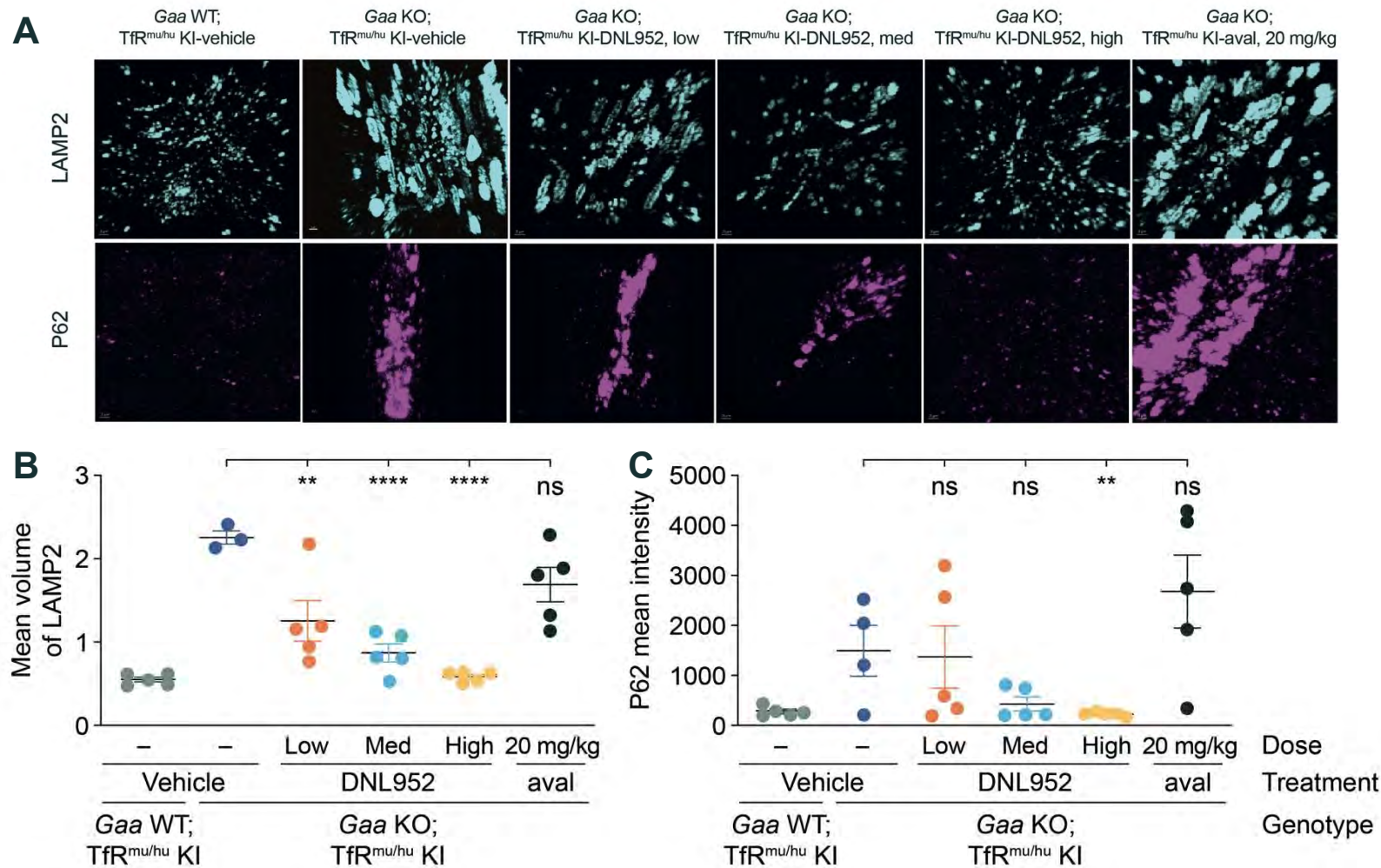
- Glycogen levels in (A) quadriceps muscle and (B) brain tissue measured at 14 days after the fifth dose

**Repeated dosing with DNL952 achieved near-complete glycogen normalization in muscle and brain and demonstrated greater improvement than with avalglucosidase alfa**

*Gaa* KO; *TfR*<sup>mu/hu</sup> KI animals (n = 8 per group) received five IV dosings of DNL952 (low, med, or high dose) or aval (20 mg/kg) administered EOW. Vehicle-treated *Gaa* WT; *TfR*<sup>mu/hu</sup> KI (n = 5) and *Gaa* KO; *TfR*<sup>mu/hu</sup> KI (n = 5) mice served as the nondisease and disease comparator groups, respectively. Levels were assessed using an LC-MS/MS-based method. Data are presented as mean  $\pm$  SEM.

\*\*\* $P < 0.001$ ; \*\*\*\* $P < 0.0001$

# Multiple Doses of DNL952 Reduces Markers of Lysosomal and Autophagic Dysfunction



- Immunofluorescence staining with LAMP2 and P62 in quadriceps muscle after multiple doses

## A Next-Generation ERT for Pompe Disease



**Differentiated mechanism of action:** Engaging the TfR + M6PR to improve cellular uptake & lysosomal delivery



**Improved pharmacodynamic response:** Enhanced correction of glycogen & downstream pathology, including autophagy

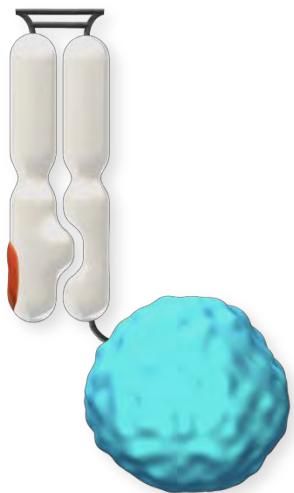


**Potential to address nervous system involvement** that contributes to deficits in IOPD & possibly weakness in LOPD

(A) Representative images of immunofluorescence of LAMP2 (cyan) and P62 (magenta) of *Gaa* WT;TfR<sup>mu/hu</sup> KI (n = 5) and *Gaa* KO;TfR<sup>mu/hu</sup> KI mice treated with vehicle, DNL952 (low, med, or high dose), or aval (20 mg/kg) at 14 days after the final dose are shown; n = 3–5 per group. Scale bar = 2 mm. (B,C) Data are mean ± SEM of quantified (B) LAMP2 and (C) P62 signal. \*\**P* < 0.01; \*\*\*\**P* < 0.0001.

# DNL952 Phase 1 Clinical Study for Pompe Disease

**DNL952**  
(ETV:GAA)



## Study Population

- Patients with Late Onset Pompe Disease (LOPD)
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Gen ERT experienced (A Cohorts) and optional naïve (B Cohorts)

## Study Plan

2<sup>nd</sup> Gen Treatment-Experienced

Cohort **A1**

Cohort **A2**

Optional: Additional Cohorts

Optional: Treatment-Naïve

Cohort **B1**

## Goals & Objectives

- Safety
- PK
- Analysis of clinically established biomarkers
- Immunogenicity

- **Duration:** 24-week core study + 24-week safety extension
- **Study Type:** Open label


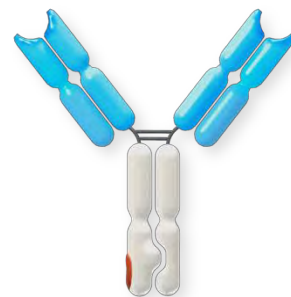
**Phase 1 biomarker data expected in 2027**

**/ Alzheimer's Disease  
Opportunity**

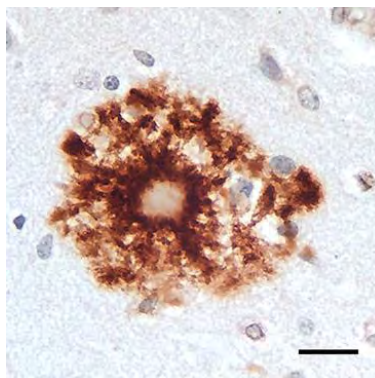


# Aiming to Transform Treatment of Alzheimer’s Disease

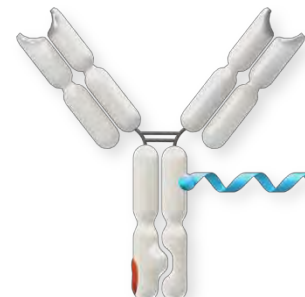
Science 7 AUGUST 2025  
**NEUROSCIENCE**  
**Transferrin receptor-targeted anti-amyloid antibody enhances brain delivery and mitigates ARIA**  
 Michelle E. Pizzo<sup>1</sup>, Edward D. Plowey<sup>2</sup>, Nathalie Kh...  
 Wanda Kwan<sup>1</sup>, Jordan Abettan<sup>2</sup>, Sarah L. DeVos<sup>1†</sup>,  
 Claire B. Discenza<sup>1</sup>, Timothy Earr<sup>1‡</sup>, David Joy<sup>1</sup>, Mi...  
 Elysia Roche<sup>1</sup>, Darren Chan<sup>1</sup>, Jason C. Dugas<sup>1</sup>, Kap...  
 Stefan Hamann<sup>2</sup>, René Meisner<sup>1</sup>, Jennifer Sebalus...  
 Ana Claudia Silva Amaral<sup>2</sup>, Isabel Becerra<sup>1</sup>, Roni O...  
 Johann Chow<sup>1</sup>, Allisa J. Clemens<sup>1§</sup>, Mark S. Dennis...  
 Laura Fusaro<sup>1</sup>, Jennifer A. Getz<sup>1</sup>, Mihalís S. Kariolis...  
 Kendra J. Lechtenberg<sup>1¶</sup>, Amy Wing-Sze Leung<sup>1</sup>,  
 Arash Moshkforoush<sup>1</sup>, Hoang N. Nguyen<sup>1</sup>, Emman...  
 Elliot R. Thomsen<sup>1</sup>, Vanessa O. Torres<sup>1</sup>, Pascal E. S...  
 Lu Shan<sup>1</sup>, Adam P. Silverman<sup>1</sup>, Zachary K. Sweeney...  
 Raymond Tong<sup>1</sup>, Meredith E. Calvert<sup>1</sup>, Ryan J. Wat...

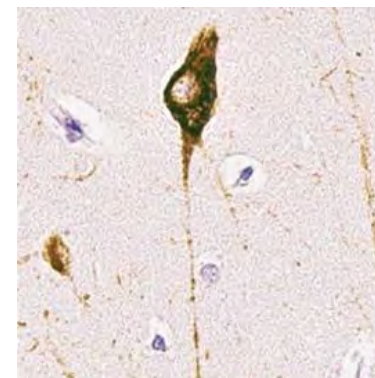
**ATV**  
**Targeting**  
**Abeta Plaques**



Walker L, *Free Neuropath*, 2020



**OTV**  
**Targeting**  
**Tau Tangles**



Bengoa-Vergniory et al, *Acta Neurop*, 2021


**TransportVehicle™  
 Therapeutics Are  
 Designed to Improve  
 Safety and Efficacy**

Reduce risk of  
 amyloid-related imaging  
 abnormalities (ARIA)

Clear amyloid plaque  
 faster via better brain  
 biodistribution

Address tau pathology by  
 suppressing MAPT  
 expression

SCIENCE TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE | RESEARCH ARTICLE  
**DRUG DELIVERY**  
**Targeting the transferrin receptor to transport antisense oligonucleotides across the mammalian blood-brain barrier**  
 Scarlett J. Barker<sup>1\*†</sup>, Mai B. Thayer<sup>1†</sup>, Chaeyoung Kim<sup>1‡</sup>, David Tatarakis<sup>1‡</sup>, Matthew J. Rebekah Dial<sup>1</sup>, Lizanne Nilewski<sup>1</sup>, Robert C. Wells<sup>1</sup>, Yinhan Zhou<sup>1</sup>, Megan Afetian<sup>2</sup>, Padma Akkapeddi<sup>1</sup>, Alfred Chappell<sup>1</sup>, Kylie S. Chew<sup>1</sup>, Johann Chow<sup>1</sup>, Allisa Clemens<sup>1</sup>, Claire B. Discenza<sup>1</sup>, Jason C. Dugas<sup>1</sup>, Chrissa Dwyer<sup>1§</sup>, Timothy Earr<sup>1</sup>, Connie Ha<sup>1</sup>, Yvonne David Huynh<sup>1</sup>, Edwin I. Lozano<sup>1</sup>, Srini Jayaraman<sup>1</sup>, Wanda Kwan<sup>1¶</sup>, Cathal Mahon<sup>1</sup>, Michelle Pizzo<sup>1</sup>, Yaneth Robles-Colmenares<sup>1</sup>, Elysia Roche<sup>1</sup>, Laura Sanders<sup>1</sup>, Alexander Stergioulis<sup>1</sup>, Raymond Tong<sup>1</sup>, Hai Tran<sup>1¶¶</sup>, Y. Joy Yu Zuchero<sup>1</sup>, Anthony A. E...



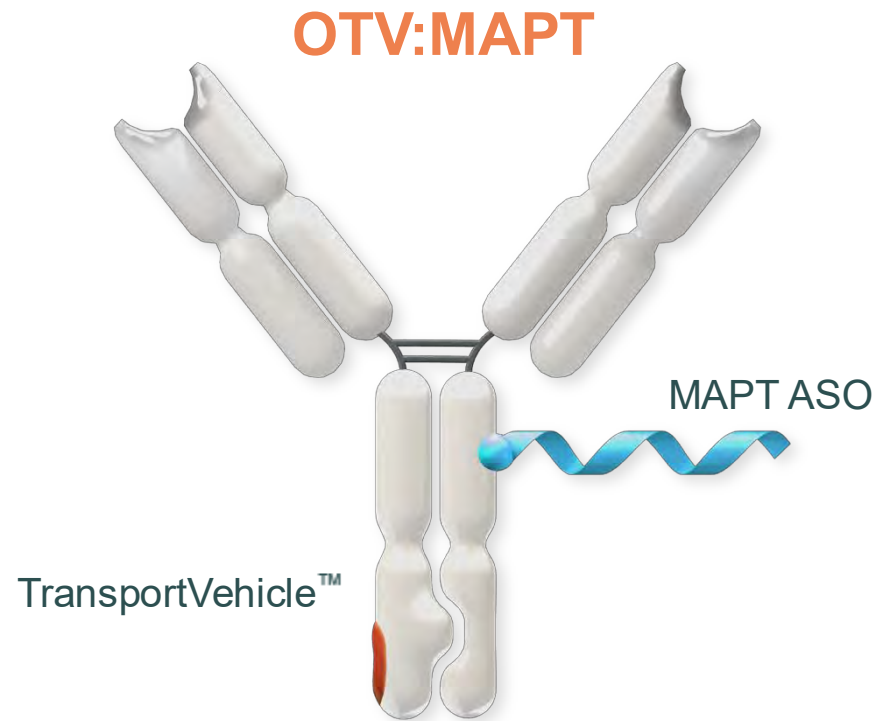

**Unmet medical need provides opportunity for BBB-enabled AD therapeutics with \$5B+ market potential<sup>1</sup>**

1. Alzheimer’s disease market opportunity based on Denali internal assessment as of Nov ‘25 and Evaluate Pharma Analyst Consensus Forecasts 2024 to 2034, Oct ‘25  
 ATV – Antibody TransportVehicle™; OTV – Oligonucleotide TransportVehicle™; AD – Alzheimer’s disease

**/ DNL628 (OTV:MAPT):  
Alzheimer's Disease**



# DNL628 (OTV:MAPT) Enables Tau Knockdown Throughout CNS Following Peripheral Administration



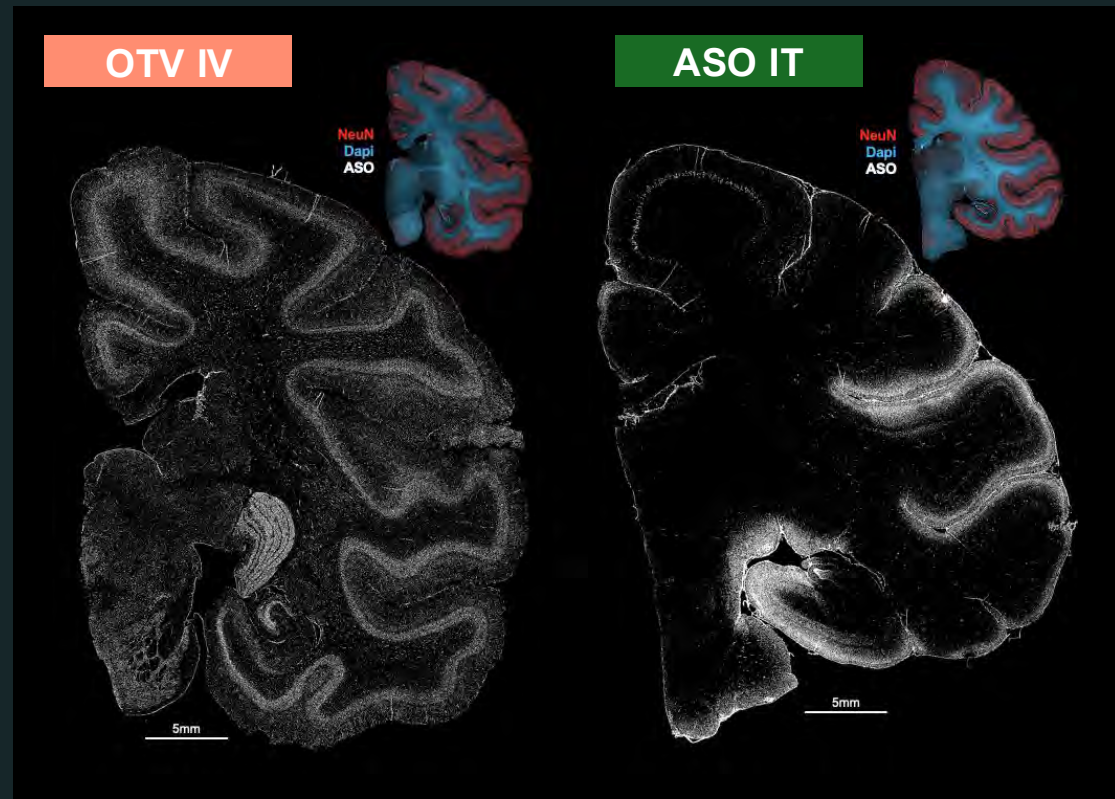
## Key Characteristics

- TfR engagement optimized to maximize CNS uptake & biodistribution of oligo
- Biologic and oligo portion of molecule are engineered to improve exposure and safety
- Design principles can be readily applied to additional OTV programs

**Program status:** First subject dosed in Phase 1b study

**DNL628 has best in class potential based on improved brain biodistribution via peripheral administration**

# OTV Eliminates Sharp ASO Gradient that Results from IT Dosing

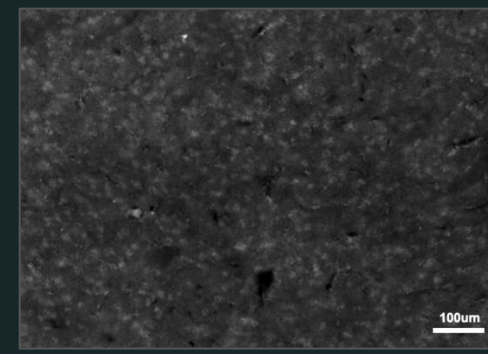
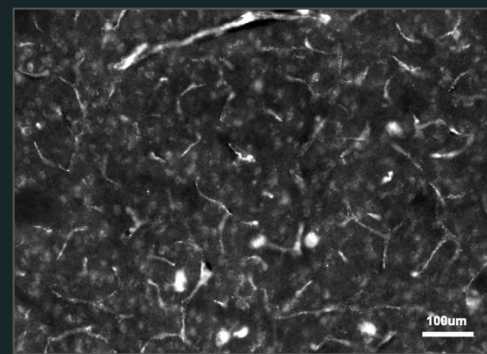


Enhanced ASO Deposition in Brain Regions that are Challenging to Target

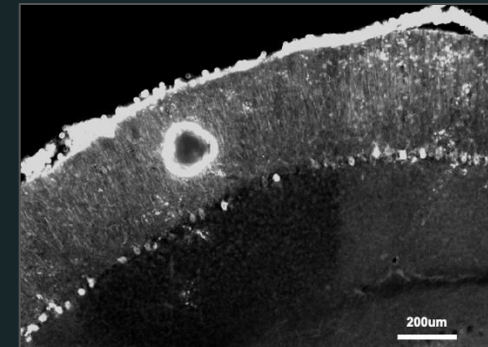
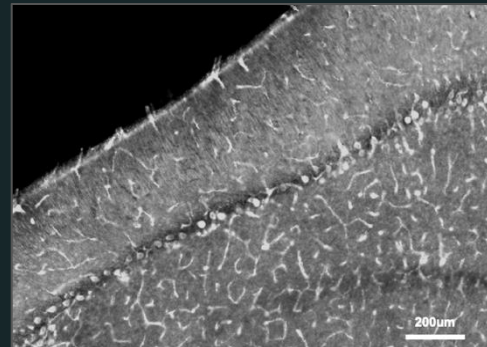
**OTV IV**

**ASO IT**

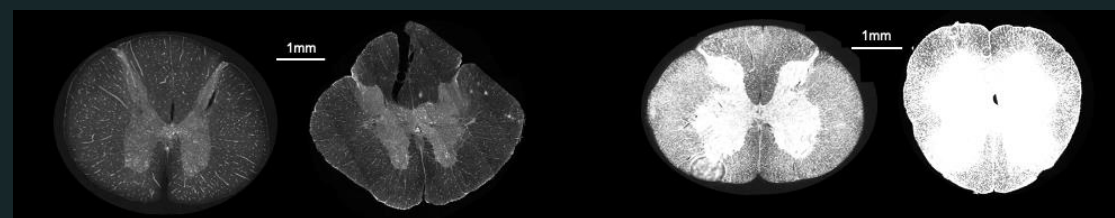
Striatum



Cerebellum



Spinal Cord



Cervical

Lumbar

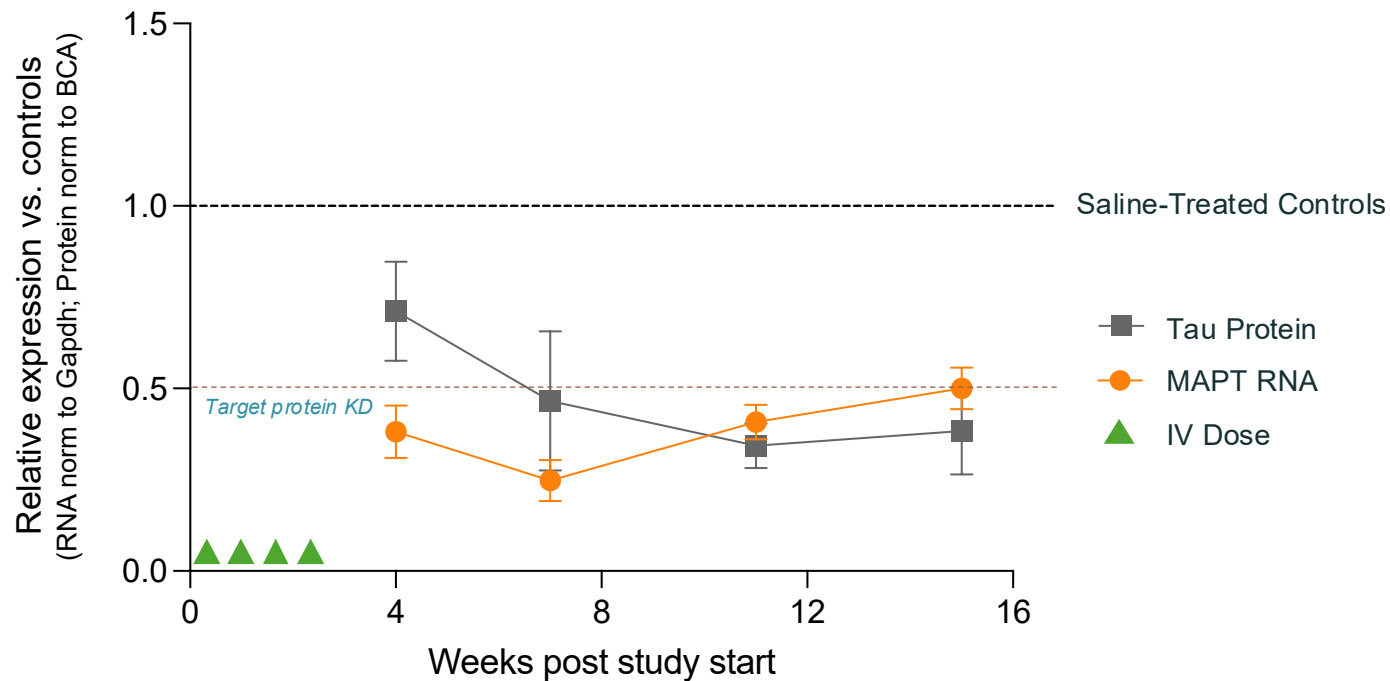
Cervical

Lumbar

# DNL628 Displays Robust and Sustained Knockdown in Mice Expressing Human Tau

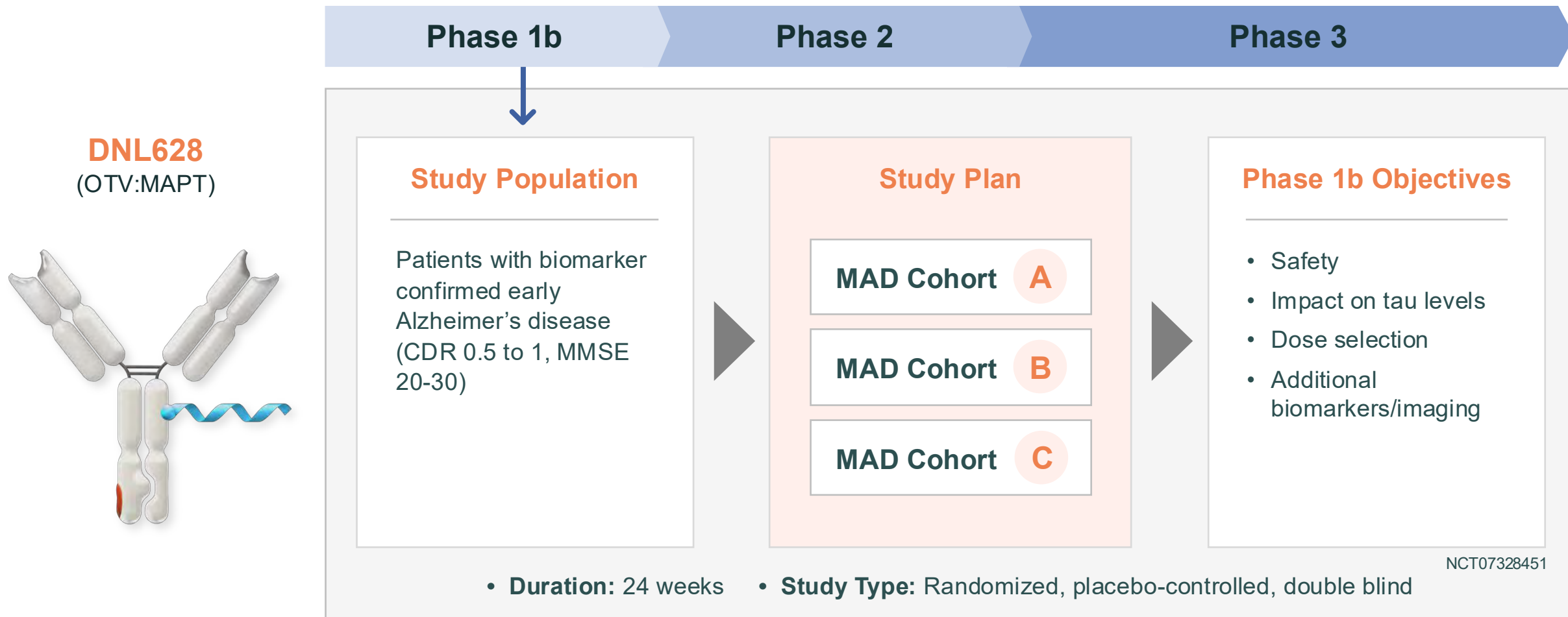


Brain MAPT RNA and Tau Protein Knockdown (KD) Persists for >12 Weeks After Dosing



Robust and sustained reduction in tau protein with DNL628

# DNL628 Phase 1b Clinical Study for Alzheimer's Disease

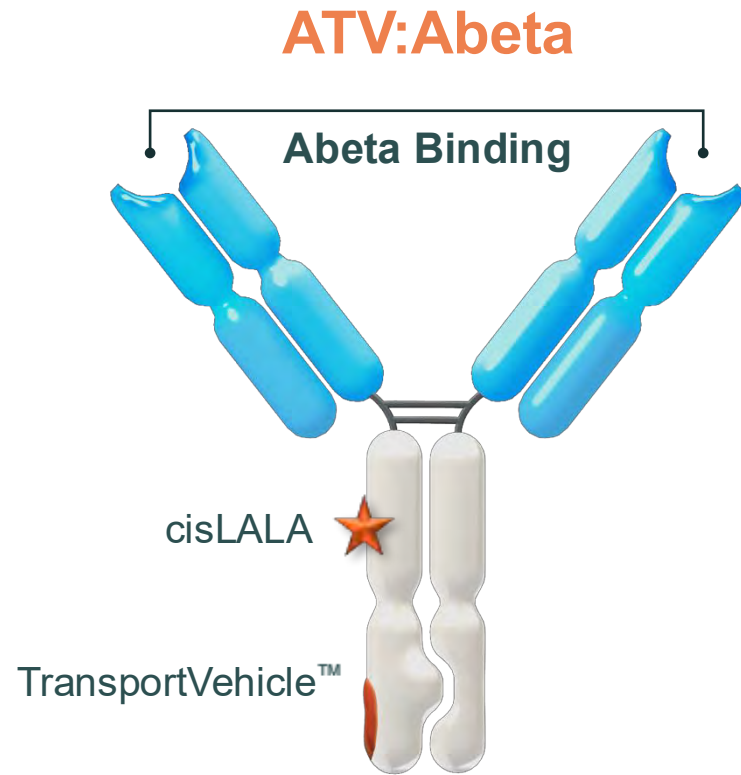


**Phase 1b ongoing / Clinical biomarker data expected by 1H 2027**

**/ DNL921 (ATV:Abeta):  
Alzheimer's Disease**



# DNL921(ATV:Abeta) Designed to Maximize Efficacy and Improve Safety



**Program status:** IND/CTA filing in 1H 2026

## Key Characteristics

- TfR engagement tuned to maximize CNS biodistribution and target engagement while minimizing ARIA
- cisLALA architecture that is unique to TV allows molecule to safely retain effector function
- Designed to preferentially bind oligomeric Abeta and minimize monomer binding

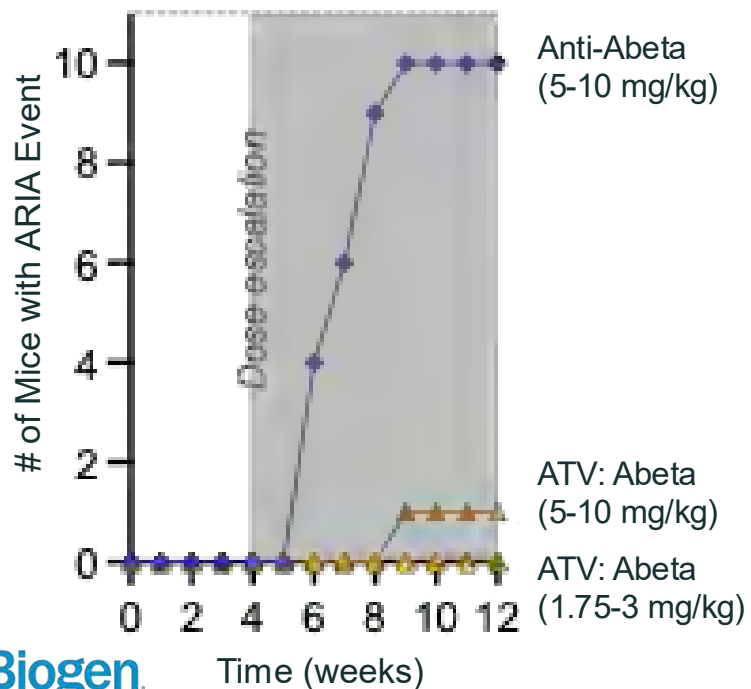
**DNL921 is highly differentiated and has potential for best-in-class BBB-enabled Abeta mAb**

# ATV:Abeta Displays Reduced ARIA Due to TfR-Mediated Brain Uptake



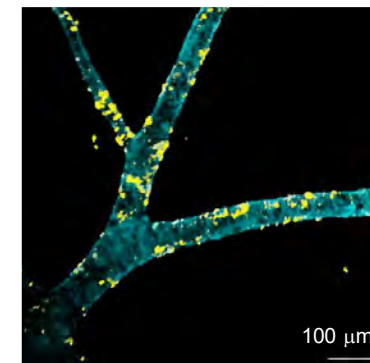
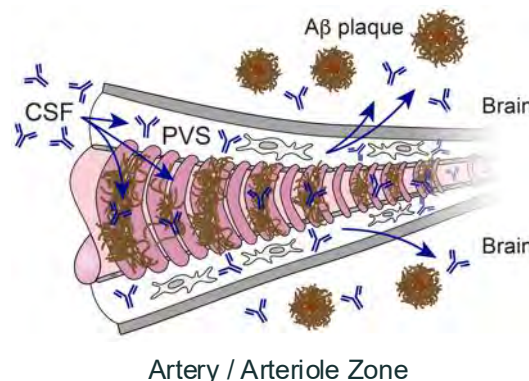
## Incidence of MRI Lesions

5xFAD; TfR<sup>mu/hu</sup> KI; QW IP

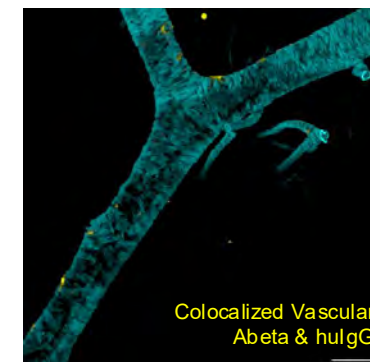
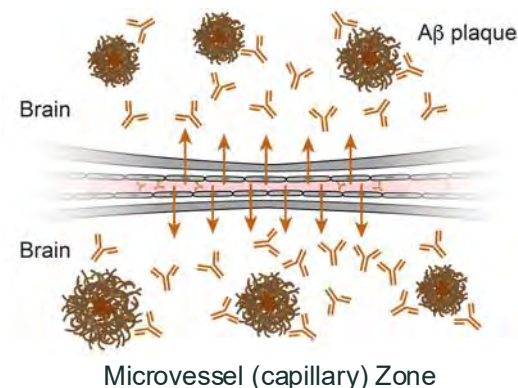


## Route of Entry into Brain

Conventional Anti-Abeta



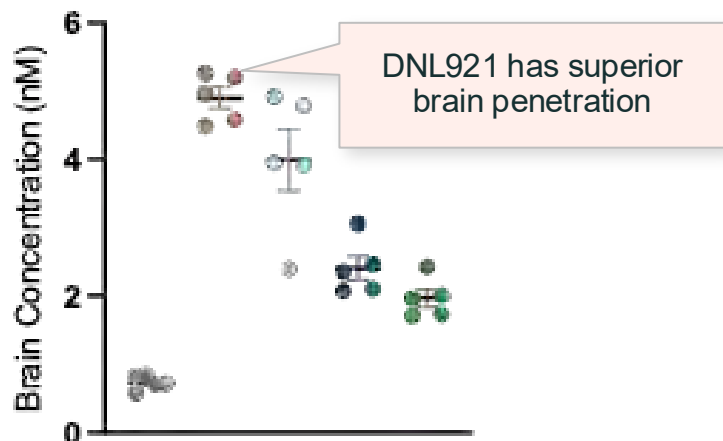
ATV-Enabled Anti-Abeta



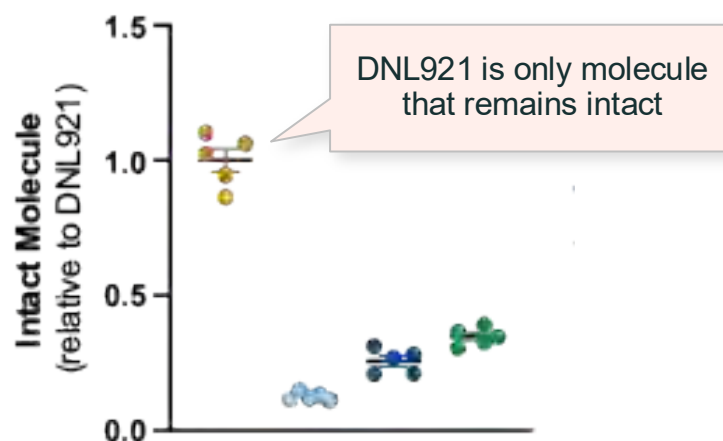
**Bypassing vascular plaque via TfR-mediated entry into the brain through capillaries and venules improves ARIA safety**

# DNL921 Optimized for Robust Brain Delivery, Safety & Stability

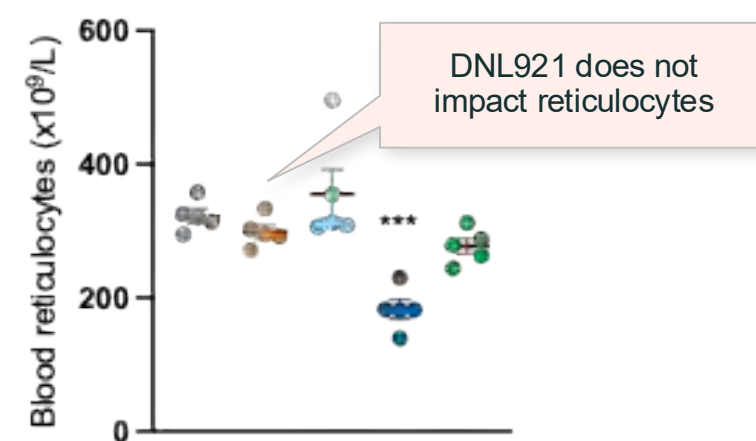
 **Brain Concentration<sup>1</sup>**



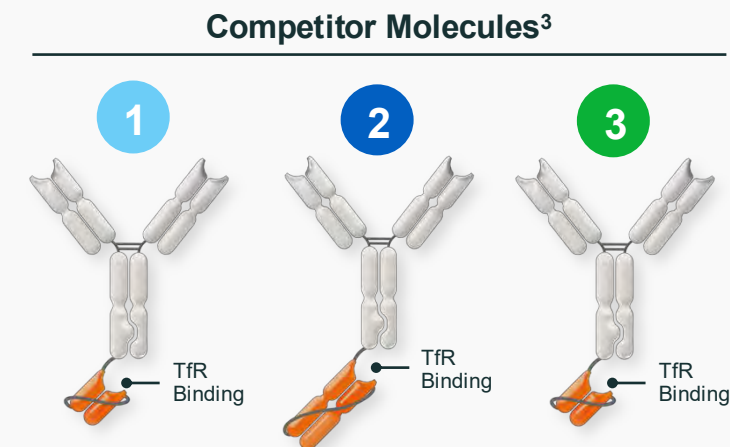
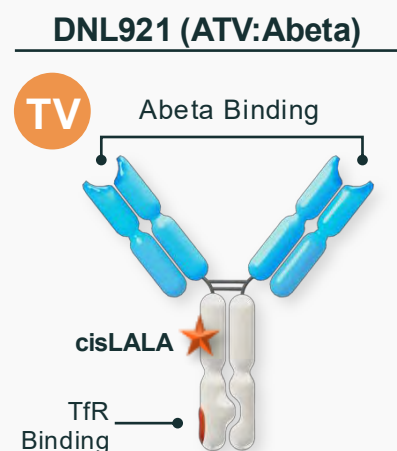
 **Intact Molecule<sup>1,2</sup>**



 **Immature Reticulocytes<sup>1</sup>**

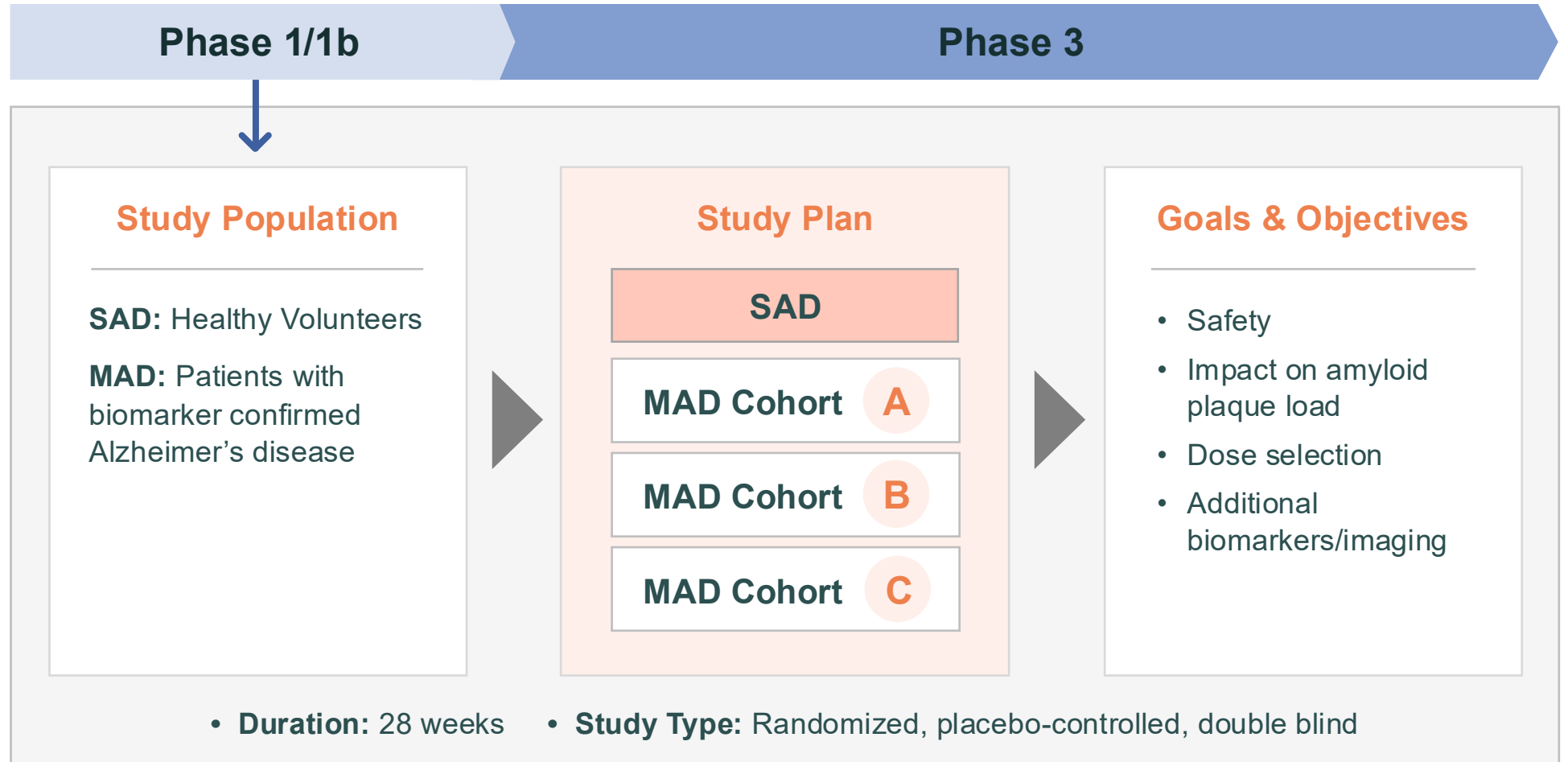
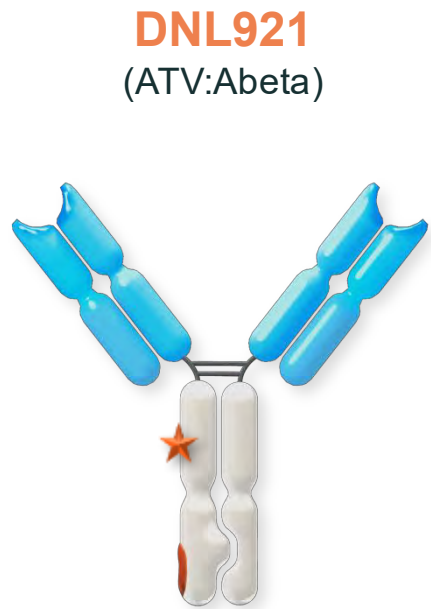


Molecule	Architecture	Epitope	Effector Function
● Control	Control IgG	N/A	Full
● DNL921	TV- TfR in Fc	Apical	Conditional
● Competitor #1	C-term TfR	Protease	Full
● Competitor #2	C-term TfR	Apical	Full
● Competitor #3	C-term TfR	Apical	None



1. Single dose, IV 10 mg/kg (molar-matched), using a mouse model that expressed the full TfR extracellular domain; 2. hIgG Capture vs. TfR Capture ELISA; 3. Competitor Molecules generated at Denali based on publicly available information on TfR-binding anti-Abeta antibodies currently under development

# DNL921 Phase 1/1b Clinical Study for Alzheimer’s Disease










**IND/CTA submission planned for 1H 2026 / Potential for safety and clinical proof of concept in 2027**

**/ DNL151 (LRRK2 Inhibitor):  
Parkinson's Disease**



# DNL151 (LRRK2 Inhibitor) Clinical Studies in Healthy and PD Participants

	Phase 1/1b Healthy & PD Participant Study	Phase 2b LUMA Study in PD Participants	Phase 2a BEACON Study in LRRK2-PD Participants
 <b>Participants</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>186 healthy and 36 PD participants</li> </ul>	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>650 participants with early-stage PD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>~50 participants with PD associated with a pathogenic LRRK2 mutation</li> </ul>
 <b>Treatment</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Single and multiple oral daily dosing over 28-day treatment period</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Oral daily dosing over a 48-week treatment period</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Oral daily dosing over a 12-week treatment period</li> </ul>
 <b>Endpoints</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>BIIB122 levels (pharmacokinetics)</li> <li>Biomarkers of lysosomal pathway engagement</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint assessed using MDS-UPDRS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>BIIB122 levels (pharmacokinetics)</li> <li>Biomarkers of lysosomal pathway engagement</li> </ul>
 <b>Status</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Completed</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Did not meet primary or secondary endpoints (announced May 21, 2026)</li> <li>Study operationalized by </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recruiting; Data readout in 1H 2027</li> <li>Study operationalized by </li> </ul>

# Evolving Our Business



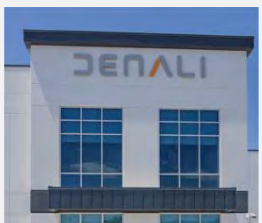
# Integrated Capabilities to Execute for Long-Term Value

## Scale and Infrastructure

- **Scale** to successfully discover, develop, manufacture and commercialize
- **Integrated infrastructure** with ~520 full time employees in South San Francisco, Salt Lake City and Zürich



South San Francisco, California

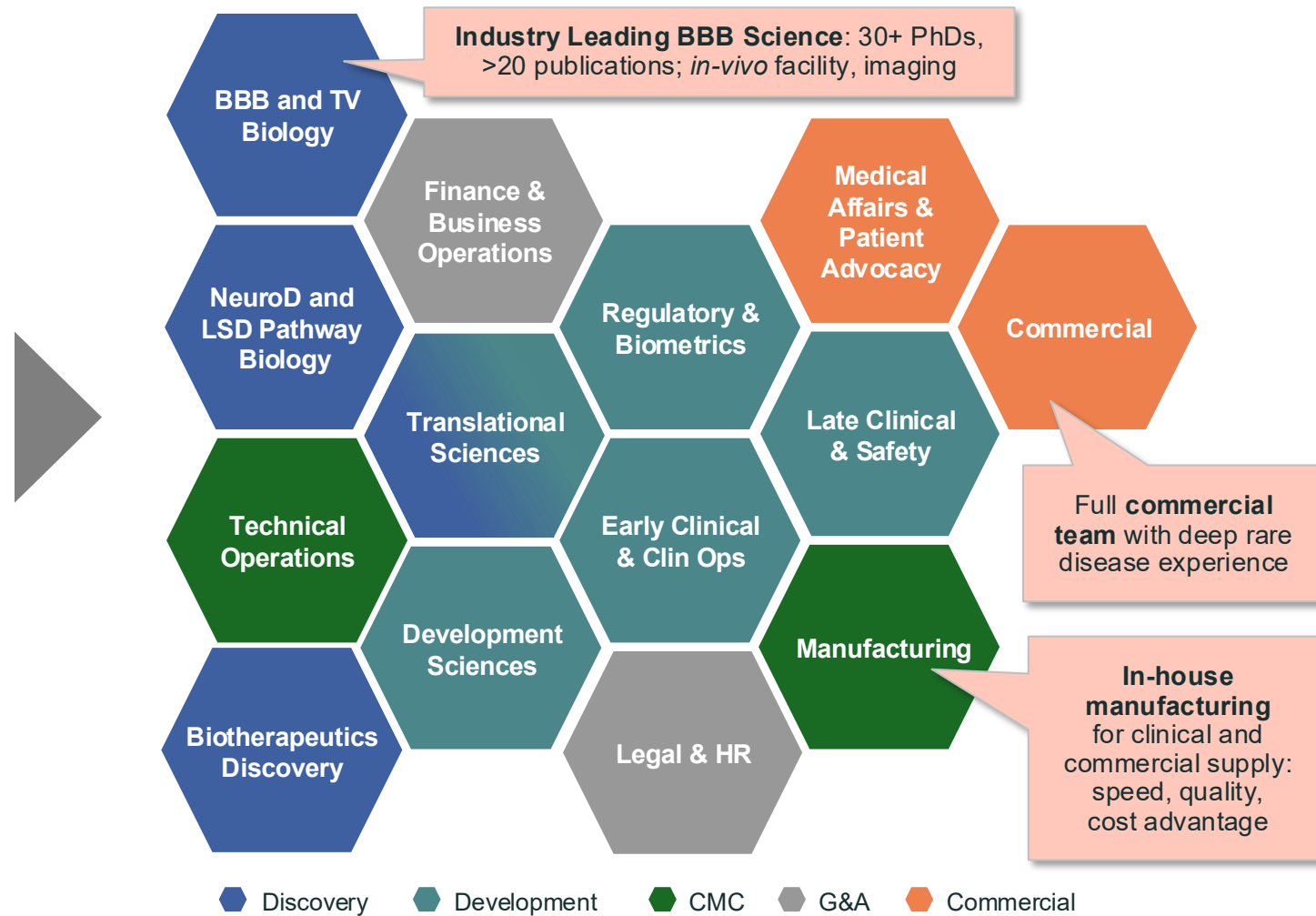


Salt Lake City, Utah



Zurich, Switzerland

## Established Capabilities



BBB – blood-brain barrier; TV – TransportVehicle™; NeuroD – neurodegeneration; LSD – lysosomal storage disorders; Clin Ops – Clinical Operations; HR – Human Resources; CMC – Chemistry, Manufacturing & Controls; G&A – General & Administrative

# Capital to Execute

## Key Capital Allocation Priorities

- Invest Strategically**
  - Successful launches of AVLAYAH™ and DNL126
  - Focused R&D investments to accelerate and expand pipeline
- Drive Capital Efficiency**
  - Apply learnings from AVLAYAH™ to develop next programs faster and at lower cost
- Maintain Capital Optionality**
  - Partnerships remain core to strategy
  - Diversifying sources of capital

## Strong Financial Foundation

~\$1.05B

Cash and investments as of Q1 2026

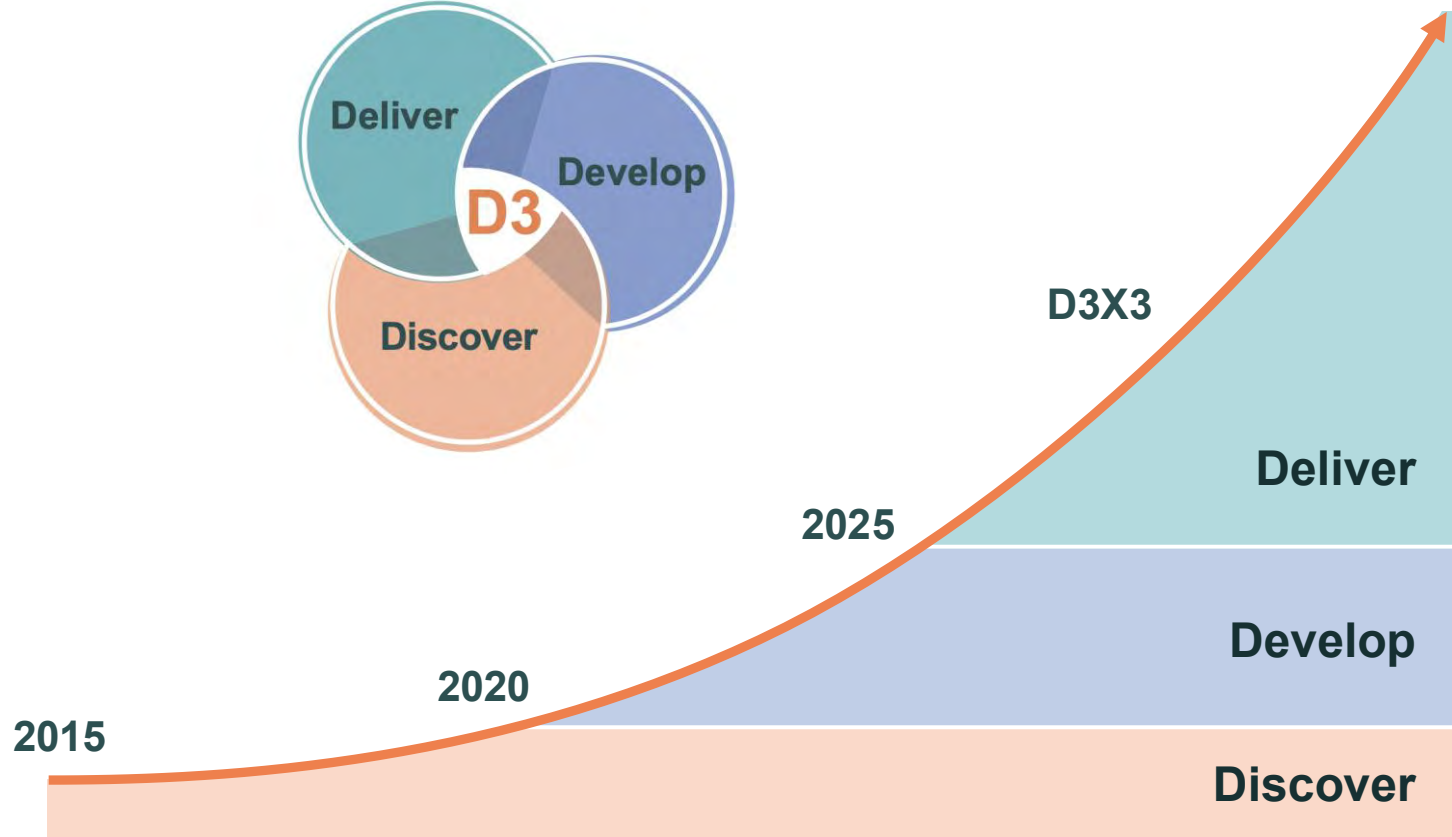
**\$195M PRV Sale<sup>1</sup>**

Gross proceeds from sale of PRV awarded by FDA upon AVLAYAH™ approval

**2 Near-term Commercial Launches**

Potential revenues from AVLAYAH™ and DNL126

# Entering a New Phase on the Path to the Summit



## 3-Year Goals (D3X3)



**2** Growing Brands

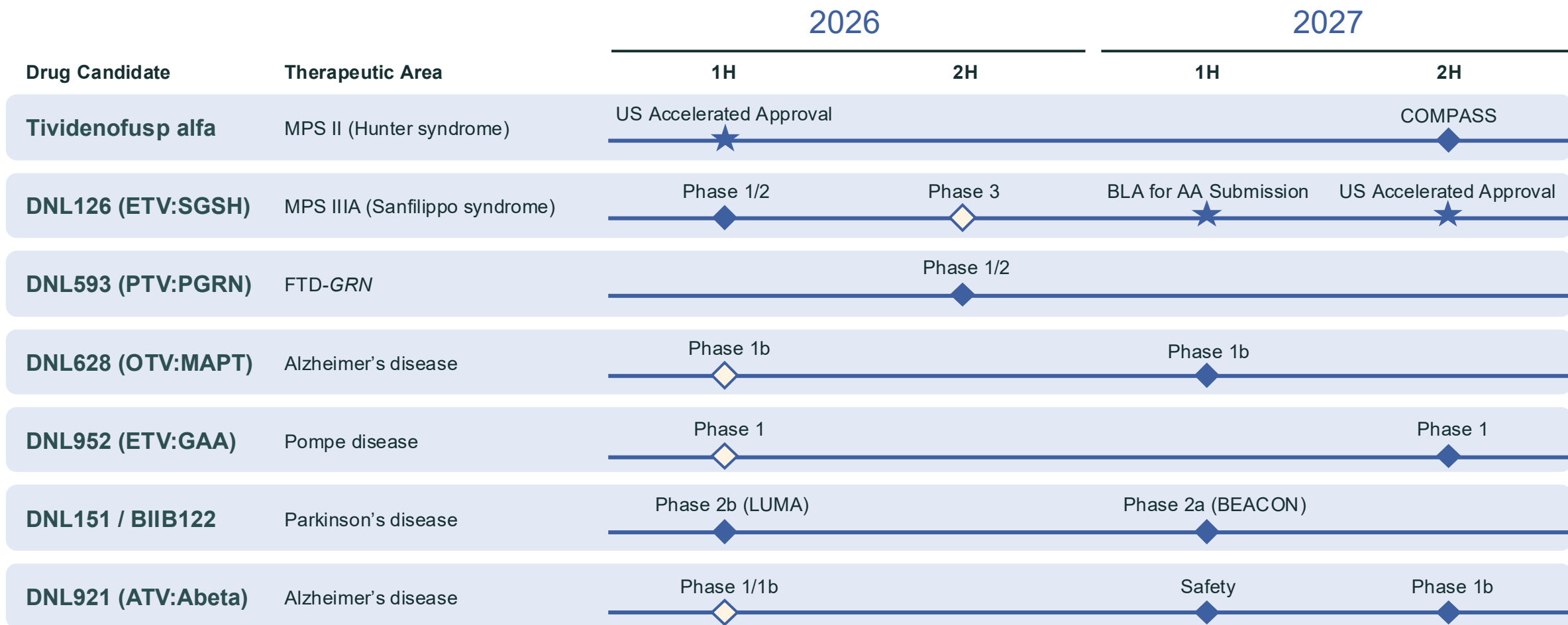
**5** Clinical Proof of Concepts

**4-6** New Clinical Programs

Pioneering a new class of biotherapeutics and capturing the full potential of the TransportVehicle™

# 2026-2027 Expected Milestones

◇ Trial Initiation   ◆ Data   ★ Submission/Approval



 **Thank You**

